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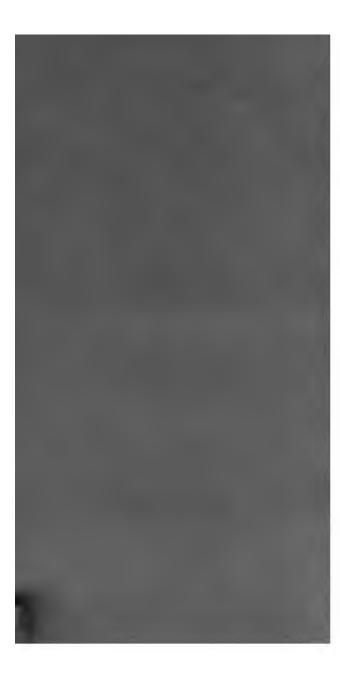
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KEY

TO THE

INTRODUCTION

TO THE

NATIONAL ARITHMETIC,

EXHIBITING THE OPERATION OF

THE QUESTIONS IN THAT WORK;

FOR THE USE OF TEACHERS ONLY.

BY BENJAMIN GREENLEAF, A. M.,
PRINCIPAL OF BRADFORD TEACHERS' SEMINARY.

BOSTON:

PUBLISHED BY ROBERT S. DAVIS.

NEW YORK: PRATT, WOODFORD, & Co., AND COLLINS, BROTHER, & Co.
PHILADELPHIA: THOMAS, COWPERTHWAIT, & Co.,
BALTIMORE: CUSHING & BROTHER.
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JOHN J. OWEN

Editor of 'Xenophon's Anabasis,' and Principal of Cornelius Institute, N. Y. City.

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THE object of the author, in this publication, is to aid the teacher in communicating his instructions to his pupils, and enable him the more readily to detect any error, which they may have made in the operation of their questions.

Every instructor, who has a large number of scholars under his care, is aware of the fact, that it is a great tax on his time, especially when in school, to examine the operation of many questions of his students; whereas, by the aid of a Key, he may be able, in a few moments, to detect any mistake in the operation, and thereby save much of his time, which may be devoted to more useful purposes. Besides, in the hurry of business, it is often very difficult for the most able arithmetician to recollect, at the moment, all the principles by which some difficult questions are performed; but, by recurring to a Key, his difficulty will be obviated.

The author would recommend the following maxim to every teacher:—Never give a pupil a direct answer to any question he may propose respecting the operation of any problem, nor perform the labor for him, but suggest such principles as will enable him to perform the question himself.

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KEY

TO

GREENLEAF'S INTRODUCTION.

Section 9. (p. 46.)

COMPOUND ADDITION.

- 4. 1911b. 1oz. 19dwt. 15gr.
- 6. 234tb. 13. 23. 19. 12gr.
- 8. 102T. 1cwt. 3qr. 9lb. 15oz. 10dr.
- 9. 205deg. 7½m. 5fur. 17rd. 14½ft. 8in. ½m. 4fur. ½ft. 6in. 205deg. 8m. 1fur. 17rd. 15ft. 2in.
- 10. 74m. 3fur. 39rd. 2½yd. 2ft. 6in.

 $\frac{1}{2}$ yd. = 1ft. 6in. 74m. 3fur. 39rd. 3yd. 1ft. 0in.

11. 278A. 3R. 15p. 1314ft. 66in. 4ft. = 36in.

278A. 3R. 15p. 131ft. 102in.

- 12. 162A. 0R. 2p. $17\frac{1}{4}$ yd. 4ft. 83in. $\frac{1}{4}$ yd. 2ft. 36in. 162A. 0R. 2p. 17yd. 6ft. 119in.
- 14. 189 E. E. Oqr. 1na. 11in.
- 16. 213 cords 110ft 1455in.
- 18. 193tun. 2hhd. 27gal. 2qt. 0pt.
- 20. 211tun. 0hhd. 53gal. 1qt. 1pt.
- 22. 211ch. 19bu. 3pk. 1qt. 1pt.
- 24. 256w. 4da. 3h. 39m. 19s.
- **26.** 11S. 0°. 30′. 21″.

NOTE. In performing questions in Motion, we reject the 12's in the sum of the signs, because 12 signs make a circle of the zodiac.

28. 179m. 0fur. 6ch. 3p. 18l.

Section 10. (p. 51.)

COMPOUND SUBTRACTION.

- 4. 691lb. 9oz. 4dwt. 22gr.
- 6. 63th. 113. 13. 19. 19gr.
- 8. 1T. 2cwt. 0qr. 27lb. 3oz. 14dr.
- 10. 151 E. E. 4qr. 1na. 14in
- 11. 77deg. 55½m. 5für. 31rd. 4½yd. 1ft. 8in. ½m. = 4für. ½yd = 1ft. 6in. 77deg. 56m. 1für. 31rd. 5yd. 0ft. 2in.
- 12. 8deg. 59½m. 1fur. 39rd. 2½ft. 10in.
 ½m. = 4fur. ½ft. = 6in.
 8deg. 59m. 5fur. 39rd. 3ft. 2in.

NOTE. The pupil will perceive, that the half miles are carried back to the furlongs, and the half feet are also carried back to the inches.

18. 28A. 1R. 35p. 1711ft. 140in. 1st. = 36in. 28A. 1R. 35p. 172ft. 32in.

14. 41A. 1R. 38p. 181yd. 8ft. 143in.

 $\frac{1}{41A. 1R. 38p. 19yd.} = 2ft. 36in.$

NOTE. In the above questions it will be perceived, that the quarter of a foot is carried to the inches, and the quarter of a yard to the feet and inches.

- 16. 371 cords 126ft. 1683in.
- 18. 6ltun. 1hhd. 1qt. 1pt. 2gi.
- 20. 59tun. 2hhd. 42gal. 2pt. 1qt.
- 22. 53ch. 31bu. 5pk. 5qt. 0pt.
- **24. 4**w. 1da. 9h. 26m. 27s.
- **26.** 4S. 7°. 58′, 52″.

NOTE. In this question, 12 signs are to be added to the minuend before the operation. It may appear an absurdity to some persons, that the minuend is less than the subtrahend, but the student, who is acquainted with astronomy, well knows, that such questions often occur.

28. 13m. 5fur. 3ch. 1p. 211.

Section 11. (p. 53.)

EXERCISES IN COMPOUND ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION.

AND	·0	DI	LA		1.	ION	٠.				
1.						2.					
lb. oz. dwt.	gr.					•		_			
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8 0 17	15			2	1	٥. ن	õ	ĩ		3	
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3. T. • ewt. gr.							4.				
	lb. 1 1	oz. 12				yd. 37	qr. 3	na. 3			
	19	11				18	ĭ	3			
53 19 1	17	8				31	1	2			
27 19 3	18	9				87	3	ō			
16 3 3	0	13				01	U	U			
127 12 1	12	5									
5.						6	j.				
T. cwt. or. ib.			m.		ur.			ft.	in.	•	
2 13 1 17			16		7	18		4	11		•
3 0 0 27			19		1	13	-	6	9 3		
1 0 3 11			97		3	27		3 3	10		
6 14 1 27			47		5	37				-	
		1	81	. 9	3	18		81	9		
7.								\$	=6		
169 3 15 227	,	1	81	5	2	18	;	9	3		
187 1 15 165			Nor	E.	A	8 8 g f	eet a	nd 9	inch	es ar	10
217 2 28 165		ex A.	laug ad 8	to i	8 fi	eet and inch	nd L	oar G Isum	to 9	so w	3
574_3 20 12		in	ches			,		-1			Ĭ
8.	-							9.			
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17 111 160						18		1	1		
21 109 171	D	•				10 12		$\frac{2}{3}$	1 0		
	_					12	o	o	v		

58 82 860

10.

11.

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107 1 5 1		45	Z	Ð		
12.		_		13.		
y. da. h. m. 18 345 13 37		s. 3	18	4.5	″. 1 5	
87 169 12 10		. 7	15	36	18	•
316 144 20 5		5	21	38	27	
13 360 21 57	7 15	4	26	0	0	
436 290 20 44	1 16	_		-		
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14. .		•	15	.		
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5942 2 3						
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,16.			17	•		
	Į	T. cwt	17.	lb.	oz.	
ib. 3. 3. D. gr.			17. qr.	•		
ib. 5.3. D. gr. 71 8 1 1 14	-	T. cwt 28 13	17. qr. 3 0	1b. 0	ox. 0	
ib. 8.3. p. gr. 71 8 1 1 14 7 9 1 1 17	-	7. cwt 28 13 10 17 17 16	17. qr. 3 0 0 0 3	1b. 0 19	ox. 0 1 4	
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jb. g. 5. 9. gr. 71 8 1 1 14 7 9 1 1 17 63 10 7 2 17 18. yd. gr. na. 76 0 0	, , ,	T. cwt 28 13 10 17 17 15	17. 3 0 7 0 6 3 9. d.	19 8	oz. 0 1 4 2	—
jb. g. 5. 9. gr. 71 8 1 1 14 7 9 1 1 17 63 10 7 2 17 18. yd. gr. na. 76 0 0	, , ,	T. cwt 28 13 10 17 17 16 1 0 0 3 4 1	17. 3 0 7 0 6 3 9. d. 0 8 1	1b. 0 19 8	0 1 4 2	·

Note. The half foot, which is 6 inches, is added to the 4 inches, and their sum is 10 inches.

16 3 21 2 10

NOTE. The 2 of a foot, which is 86 inches, is added to the 44 inches, and their sum is 80 inches.

24.
ch. bu. pk. qt.
17 18 0 0
5 20 1 7
11 38 2 1

5 18

23.
169 0 0
76 3 1
92 0 1

25.

28.

There is no difference between any of the numbers in this question.

s 18 14 35 11 25 30 50

3 22 43 45

NOTE. To perform this question, we add 12 signs to the longitude of the star, and, from their sum, subtract the longitude of the planet, because all the planets move essiward, as seen from the sun.

Section 13. (p. 58.)

REDUCTION DESCENDING.

2.	3.	4.
£379	£46 18s	. 5d. 37 lb.
20	20	12
7580	938	444
12	12	20
15160	1876	8880
7580	9385	24
90960	11261	35520
. 4	•	17760
. 363840		213120
5.	6.	7.
17 lb.	1 5 tons	17 cwt. 3qr. 19lb
$\frac{12}{}$	20	4
204	300	71
8	4	28
1632	1200	577 143
3	<u>28</u>	
4896	9600	2007
20	2400	
97920	33600	•
	16	
	201600	•
	33600	•
•	537600	•
8.	9.	10.
1 4 4 yds. 4	57E.E. 5	9 7 miles 8
		
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	4	40
	1140	31040

11.	12.				
7 fur. 4 0	9 5,0 0 0,0 0 0 miles. 8				
280 161	760000000				
1680 280	30400000000 161				
140	182400000000				
4620	3040000000				
12	1520000000				
55440	501600000000				
	6,0 1 9,2 0 0,0 0 0,0 0 0				

13.	. 14.	15.
deg. m. fur.	rd. Acres.	Acres.
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69}	4	4
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289	40	40
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	2721	304
8	24320	691200
26839	85120	5760
40	24320	696960
1073578	3040	090900
1 63	3310560	
6441468		•
1073578		
536789	•	

12		KEY TO	•	[SECT. 13.
	16. Square miles. 25 640	A. R. 7 3 4	17. p. ft. 16 218	18. Tons. 1 5 4 0
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51 1792 5120	60000 272‡ 20000 0000 000	$ \begin{array}{r} 8792 \\ 2512 \\ \hline 314 \\ 218 \\ \hline 342164 \end{array} $	10	36800
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$ \begin{array}{r} 20 \\ \hline 2548 \\ 1728 \\ \hline 20384 \\ 5096 \\ 17836 \\ 2548 \\ \end{array} $	176 352	2	$918 \\ 4 \\ 3672 \\ 2 \\ 7344$	1824 2 3648

. 2	4. 25.	26.	27.
2 6 3 6 9 6 4 6	bu. pk. da. 57 24 228 114	365 6 24 1466 730	$1842 \\ 3654 \\ 9210 \\ 11052$
556	1368	8766 60	$ \begin{array}{r} 11032 \\ 5526 \\ 460 \\ \hline 672790 \\ \hline \end{array} $
2227	82080	525960	$\frac{24}{2691160}$
17816		31557600	$ \begin{array}{r} 1345580 \\ \hline 12 \\ \hline 16146972 \end{array} $

Section 14. (p. 60.)

REDUCTION ASCENDING.

2.	· 3.	•	4.
4) 363840 qr.	12) 11261d.	24	213120 gr.
12)90960	20)938 5	d.	20)888.0
20)7580	£46 18	s. 5d.	12)444
£379			3 7 lb

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
5.	6.
20) 97920 gr.	16) 537600 oz.
3) 4896	28)33600
8) 1632	4) 1 2 0 0
12)204	20)300
17 lb.	15 tons.
7.	8. 9.
28) 2007 lb.	4) 576 qr. 4) 1140 na.
4)71 19lb.	144 yd. 5) 285
17 cwt. 3qr. 19lb.	57 E.E.
10.	11.
40)31040 rd.	12) 55440 in.
8)776	3) 4 6 2 0
97 mile	
	<u>2 2</u> .
•	11)3080
•	40)280
•	7 fur.
12.	13.
12)6019200000000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3)501600000000	. 0 0
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40)3040000000	<u> </u>
8)76000000	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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•	[7fur. 18rd.

14.

15.

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2721)3310560 ft.
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    1089)13242240
                         121)2787840
           40)12160
                            40)23040
               4)304
                                 4)576
                  76 acres.
                                   144 acres.
           16.
144) 100362240000 in. 2721) 342164 sq. ft.
   2721)696960000
                        1089) 1368656
                               40) 1256 218ft.
 1089) 2787840000
        40)2560000
                                   4)31 16p.
            4)64000
                                       7A. 3R.
                                    [16p. 218ft.
          640)16000
                  . 25 acres.
                              19.
         18.
                     1728) 4402944 in.
1728)1036800 in.
                           128)2548
         40)600
                                   19 cd. 116ft.
              15 tons.
                                   22.
   20.
                21.
2)3528 pt.
             4) 1331 qt.
                                 2)7344 pt
             63)332 3 qt.
                                 4)3672
4) 1.764
                  5hhd. 17gal. 3qt. 54) 918
63)441
                                      17 hhd.
      7 hhd.
                     24.
                                     25.
   23.
                 8) 17816 qt.
                               60)82080 m.
2) 3648 pt.
8) 1824
                  4)2227
                                 24)1368
 4)228
                   36)556 3pk.
                                       57 da.
    57 bu.
                        1 5 ch. 16bu. 3pk.
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26.

60) 31557600 sec.

60) 525960
24) 8766
365 da. 6h.

27.

24) 16146972 hours.

4
4
1461) 2691162
1842 years.

28. 60) 915497". 60) 15258 17". 30) 254 18'. 8 S. 14°. 18'. 17".

Section 15. (p. 61.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

- 1. $$175 \div 5 = 35 \text{ reams, Ans.}$
- 2. $\$217.50 \div 7.50 = 29$ barrels, Ans.
- **8.** \$ 4875 \div 75 = 65 tons, Ans.
- 4. $$1728 \div 4 = 432$ yd. Ans.
- 5. $\$ 8.40 \div 20 = 42$ cents, Ans.
- **6.** 17bu. 3pk. = 71pk.; $\$2.40 \div 4 = .60$; $71 \times .60 = \$42.60$ Ans.
- 7. $\$ 3.50 \times 17 = \$ 129.50$ Ans.
- 8. 5cwt. 3qr. 18lb. = 662lb.; $662 \times .09 = 59.58 , price of the sugar. $$1.75 \times 25 = 43.75 , price of the apples. \$59.58 \$43.75 = \$15.83 Ans.
- 9. $\$8.73 \div 97 = 9 \text{ cents}$; $147 \times 9 = \$13.23 \text{ Ans.}$
- 10. $45 \div 9 = 5$ miles; $59 \times 5 = 295$ miles, Ans.
- 11. $\$ 18.40 \div 20 = 92 \text{ cents}$; $47 \times 92 = \$ 43.24 \text{ Ans.}$
- 12. $\$422.50 \div 65 = \6.50 ; $\$6.50 \times 15 = \97.50 Ans.
- **13.** $\$2025 \div 45 = \45 ; $\$45 \times 180 = \8100 Ans. **14.** $\$3.45 \div 5 = \0.69 ; $\$0.69 \times 11 = \7.59 Ans.
- 15. \$ 1480 \div 25 = \$ 59.20 ; \$ 59.20 \div 160 = \$ 0.37 ; 37A. 2R. 18p. = 6018p. ; \$ 0.37 \times 6018 = \$ 2226.66 Ans.

- **16.** \$ $10.08 \div 144 = 0.07 ; $359 \times .07 = 25.13 Ans.
 - 17. $\$77.13 \div 857 = \0.09 ; $359 \times .09 = \$32.31$ Ans.
 - 18. $$187.53 \div 987 = 0.19 ; $329 \times .19 = 62.51 Ans.
 - 19. $\$26.32 \div 47 = \0.56 ; $39 \times .56 = \$21.84$ Ans.
 - **20.** $15 \times 10 = 150$; $150 \div 75 = 2$ days, Ans.
 - **21.** $10 \times 9 = 90$; $90 \div 18 = 5$ weeks, Ans.
 - **22.** $10 \times 9 = 90$; $90 \div .15 = 6$ days, Ans.
 - **23.** 2lb. 7oz. = 31oz. ; $$46.50 \div 31 = 1.50 ; $$1.50 \times 12 = 18.00$ Ans.
 - **24.** 3T. 1cwt. 0qr. 18lb. = 6850lb.; 6850 × 12 = \$822.00; 6850 × 9 = \$616.50; \$822.00 \$616.50 = \$205.50 Ans.
 - **25.** 37m. 7fur. 29rd. = 12149rd.; 12149 × 5.75 = \$69356.75 Ans.
 - **26.** 100gal. = 400qt.; 15gal. 3qt. = 63qt.; 400 63 = 337qt.; 337 × .12 = \$40.44; \$40.44 \$25.00 = \$15.44 Ans.
 - 27. \$75 × 144 = \$10800; 765A. 3R. 14p. 144A. = 621A. 3R. 14p.; 621A. 3R. 14p. = 99494p.; 99494×1.67 = \$166154.98; \$166154.98 + \$10800 = \$176954.98 Ans.
 - **28.** 15T. 3cwt. 15lb. = 33951lb.; 33951 \times .6 = \$2037.06; 6T. 1cwt. 1qr. 18lb. = 13598lb.; 13598 \times 5 = \$679.90; 33951 13598 = 20353; 20353 \times 10 = \$2035.30; \$2035.30 + \$679.90 = \$2715.20; \$2715.20 \$2037.06 = \$678.14 Ans.
 - 29. 89A. 3R. 39p. + 97A. 1R. 15p. + 117A. 1R. 19p. = 304A. 2R. 33p.; 304A. 2R. 33p. 175A. 3R. 29p. = 128A. 3R. 4p. = 20604p.; 20604 × \$1.25 = \$25755.00 Ans.
 - **30.** \$ 1.27 × 2 = \$ 2.54; \$ 0.19 × 3 = \$ 0.57; \$ 0.37 × 2 = \$ 0.74; \$ 2.54 + \$ 3.75 + \$ 0.57 + \$ 0.74 = \$ 7.60; \$ 10.00 \$ 7.60 = \$ 2.40 Ans.

Section 16.

COMPOUND MULTIPLICATION.

	11.		
deg. 18	1 2	fur. 6	rd. 18 8
145	3 2½ ½ =	3 = 4	2 4 0
145	32	7	24
	27. ·		

Note. As half a mile is 4 furlongs, we add the 4 furlongs to the 3 furlongs, which make 7 furlongs.

 $18 \times 30 = 5 \times 6$ · 5

fur.

28. $18 \times 84 = 7 \times 12$ 80.

 $2 \times 72 = 6 \times 12$

81.

 $13 \times 62 =$

29.

yd. 3

> 82. · d. 9½×97= 8 . 0 = 96 $9\frac{1}{2}$ =

 $1 \times 132 = 12 \times 11$

 $\overline{5\times12}+2$ 12 = 6010 = 2

6 = 62

••			33.			•
m. 17	fur. rd. 3 19	yd. ft. 3 2	in. 7 38		38 7	
662	4 28	3 2	2	12)		
		•			22 2in.	
38		38	38		38	38
2		3	19		3	17
$\frac{\overline{76}}{22}$		114 32	722 26		114 18	646 16
3)98	51)	 l46	40)748		8)132	662m
32 2ft	. 2	2		28rd .	16 4fur	
•		292	:			
		26 §	= 3yd.			
		• .	34.			
	bu. pk 27 3	. qt. pt. 6 1 98		98 1		
2	739 1	5 0		2)98		
			٠	49		,
·	98 6		98 3		. 98 . 27	
	 588		294		2646	
,	49		79		93	•
8	637		4)373		2739bt	2.
_	79 5	qt.	93	lpk.	•	
			85.	•	•	
	•	yd. 6		8=6	x 8	
	•	47	1 0 8			
•						

				8	36.		
13	R. 3	1 4	yd. 18	n. 7	in. 76 19		76 19
262	3	37	241	8 -2	4 36	1	44) 1444 10 4in.
262	3	37	25	1	40		
		7				18	14
,	1	9				19	19
•	13	3				342	$\overline{266}$
		Ō				15	11
9)	14	3 .		3	01)	357	$40)\overline{277}(\overline{6}$
	_ 1	5 81	.		4 1) 1	4 428(240

Note. We add the 4 of a yard, which is equal to 2 feet 36 inches, to 8 feet 4 inches, and find their sum to be 1 yard 1 foot 40 inches. The 1 yard we add to 24 yards, and the sum is 25 yards.

218 121 4) 97 241yd

Section 17. (p. 68.)

COMPOUND DIVISION.

10.	11.
6) 5 8 7 4 8 1 2	8) 1 4 5 3 2 7 2 4
97 7 14 13	18 12 6 18
12.	13.
9) 2 1 3 2 0 9	10)98 0 4 2
23 3 2 9	93205 =
	9 31 16 11 *
14.	15.
7) 6 1 1 3	9) 1 1 2 1 2 1
18 9	12 3 29

16.		17.		
T. cwt. qr. lb. 8)21 5 1 12		12) 598 2 0		
2 13 0 19		49 3 1		
18.	•	19.		
12) 3 10 11 0		$7)\overset{\mathrm{T}}{5}\overset{\mathbf{\hat{n}}}{5}\overset{\mathbf{\hat{n}}}{9}$		
3 17 14		7 37		
20.		21.		
10) 4 11 55 50		ib. 3.3.9. gr. 9)24 8 3 1 10		
13 11 35		2 8 7 1 10		
22.				
12)34 B. p. yd.	n. 5	in. Note. The first enswer to 48 this question is a correct one; but, if we wish to obtain an an-		
2 3 16 0	6	64 swer corresponding to the one in Compound Multiplication, we must subtract one pole from the		
2 3 15 0	6	64 16 poles, and then add its equiv-		
30	2	30 yd. 2 ft. 36 in., to the yards,		
2 3 15 30	8	we obtain another answer of the same value.		
. 23.		24.		
9) 2 4 1 0 5		8)25 17 3 4 9		
2 97		3 6 2 7 1		
27.		28.		
5) 117 7 20		12)201 4 2 0		
6)23 4 28		7) 16 15 1 14		
3 7 18		2 7 3 18		
29.		30.		
6) 567 0 0		12) 470 1 0		
12)94 2 0		1 1) 3 9 0 3		
7 3 2		3 2 1		

31.		32	2.
62) 1095 14	dr. 6 (17lb. 9	.7\9£:	5 9½(2£.
62	0 (1715.	194	0 03(22.
$\frac{3}{475}$		86	
434		.2()
41	9	7)1725	5 (17s.
16		97	•
$\overline{250}$		75	
42		679	_
62) 670 (loz.		7	
62	•	15	
50	•	97)92	í (8 d .
16		87	
306 50	•	4 8	- ,
			_
62) 806 (13dr. 62		97)194	(2qr.
$\frac{02}{186}$			
186			
	33.		
m. fur. rd.	yd. ft. in. 3 2 2 (17m.	(Brou	ght up.)
38)662 4 28	3 2 2 (17m.	. 2	6
38			5 <u>}</u>
282 266		13	
16		i	3
8		38)14	6 (3yd.
38) 132 (3fur.			4`
114		3	2
18			3
40		38)9	8 (2ત.
38)748 (19rd.	•	. 7	6
38			2
368		1	2

38) 266 (7in. 266

368 342 26 (Carried up.)

•	20
34. · ·	35.
98) 2739 1 5 0	(27bu. 48) 378 0 0 (7yd.
196	336
779	42
686 . 93	.4
4	48) 168 (3qr. 144
98)373(3pk.	24
294	4
79 8	48)96(2na. 96
98)637 (6qt.	
588	
. 49	
2	
98)98 (1pt. 98	
	36. (D)
19)262 3 37 25	ft. in. (Brought up.) 1 40 (13A. 19) 357\frac{2}{3} (18yd.
19	19
72	167
$\frac{57}{15}$	$\frac{152}{153}$
4	9
19)63 (3R.	19) 142 3 (7ft
57	133
6 4 (9 <u>3</u> 1 4 4
19)277(14p.	36
19	. 36 .
87	940 108
$\frac{76}{11}$	19)1444(76in.
301	133
355	114
23	114
3 5 7 3	(Carried up.)

Section 18. (p. 71.)

BILLS.

W. GREENLEAF. A. DOW. $\$0.50 \times 86 = \43.00 $\$23.7.5 \times 37 = \878.75 $.86 \times 90 = 77.40$ $17.50 \times 42 = 735.00$ $99.00 \times 43 = 4257.00$ $11.00 \times 18 = 198.00$ $3.50 \times 23 = 80.50$ $175.00 \times 12 = 2100.00$ $.62 \times 14 = 8.68$ $12.12 \times 12 = 145.44$ $7.00 \times 19 = 133.00$ $1.52 \times 23 = 34.96$ $12.00 \times 46 = 552.00$ 88138.71 \$1105.02

J. KIMBALL	J. SMITH.
$80.63 \times 14 = 88.82$	$\$0.75 \times 82 = \61.50
$.88 \times 12 = 10.56$	$.92 \times 89 = 81.88$
$.62 \times 23 = 14.26$	$.50 \times 24 = 12.00$
$1.27 \times 16 = 20.32$ $2.25 \times 17 = 38.25$	\$ 155.38
89221	

L. WEBSTER.	N. WEBSTER.
$0.18 \times 6 = 1.08$ $0.20 \times 12 = 2.40$	$\$1.20 \times 80 = \96.00 $3.00 \times 17 = 51.00$
$1.80 \times 6 = 10.80$ $.26 \times 30 = 7.80$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1.08 \times 19 &=& 20.52 \\ .75 \times 23 &=& 17.25 \end{array}$
\$ 2 2.0 8	\$184.77

·
E. SMITH.
$\$0.30 \times 49 = \14.70
$2.56 \times 46 = 117.76$
$2.91 \times 140 = 407.40$
$2.00 \times 169 = 338.00$
$1.37 \times 153 = 209.61$
\$1087.47

GREENLEAF'S INTRODUCTION. SECT. 18.]

London, June 19, 1842. Mr. Edward Snow, of Lowell, U. S. Bought of Smith, Davis & Co. 241 yds. Red Broadcloth, at 16s. 4d.,£196 16s. 4d. Blue do. 8s. 9d., 180 " 13s. 51d 342 White do. 1.3 " 14s. 6¼d., 307 Green do. " 12s. 8jd., 107 Black Velvet, " 17s. 6]d., 305 Blk. Kerseymere, " 14s. 9½d., 479 Carpet, £1919 18s. 94d. OPERATION. 2. 1. 4×1 9×3 6×1 4×4 1.5 2 · O £342 13s. 11 £196 16s. 4d. £180 5s. 0d. 1×6

£307 16s. 10d. C

	6.			7.	
ě	17 6 10	1×9	ŧ	14	1 0 9 ³ ×8
8	15 2	1×4	7	7	11×4 10
87	12 1 3		73	19	2 6
262	16 3	3	443	15	0
35	0 10)	29	11	8
7	17 8	ł	5	18	4
€305	14s. 9	₹ d.	£479	5 s	. 0 d.

Section 20. (p. 78.)

VULGAR FRACTIONS.

CASE I. 85)95(1 72) 168(2 119)121(1 85 119 10)85(8 Ans. 24) 72 (3 2) 119 (59 10 Ans. 5) 10 (2 $\overline{19}$ 10 18 Ans. 1) 2 (2 5. 6. 324)586(1 582)684(1 324 582 262)324(1 102)582(5 262 510 62)262(4 72)102(1 248 72 30)72(2 14)62(4 56 60 12)30(2 6)14(2 12 Ans. 2)6(3

CASE II.

2. 3. 4. 5)
$$\frac{1}{26} = \frac{1}{5}$$
 Ans. 4) $\frac{1}{26} = \frac{2}{5}$ Ans. 12) $\frac{1}{26} = \frac{1}{5}$ Ans. 5. 6. 7. 48) $\frac{96}{142} = \frac{2}{3}$ Ans. 107) $\frac{1}{2}\frac{7}{14} = \frac{1}{2}$ Ans. 1) $\frac{1}{2}\frac{2}{3}\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}\frac{2}{3}\frac{2}{6}$ Ans. 8. 9. 10. 81) $\frac{1}{5}\frac{1}{14} = \frac{1}{4}$ Ans. 1) $\frac{1}{4}\frac{2}{16}\frac{2}{16} = \frac{1}{3}\frac{2}{3}\frac{2}{6}$ Ans. 2) $\frac{2}{1}\frac{4}{5}\frac{2}{16} = \frac{1}{3}\frac{2}{3}\frac{2}{3}$ Ans.

CASE III.

7.	8.	9.	10.
83 1 1	$15\frac{7}{12}$ 12	18 7 9	16114
11	12	9	117
91	187	169	18848
11 Ans.	187 Ans.	169 Ans.	18848 Ans.

4	-	
9	-	

ĸ		TÜ

(Differ, 18)

11.	` 12.	13.
43 111 117	$\begin{array}{c} 27\frac{4}{13} \\ 13 \end{array}$	111 111
5 1 4 2 111/2 Ans.	360 ⁸⁶⁰ Ans.	12322 / 12322 Ans.

CASE IV.

8. 9. 10.

7)1000(142\$ Ans. 378)378(1 Ans. 1)567(567 Ans. 7
30

20 14

- 11. The answer to the 11th question is infinity; because the numerator will contain the denominator an infinite number of times.
- 12. The answer to the 12th question is zero; because the numerator will not contain the denominator any part of a unit.
- 18. Any number may be changed to an improper fraction by writing a unit under it.

CASE V.

- 8. $\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{9}{11} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{4}{9} = \frac{759}{4928} = \frac{27}{17}$ Ans.
- **9.** $\frac{11}{17} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{20} \times \frac{7}{1} = \frac{231}{2730}$ Ans.
- 13. $\frac{\cancel{3} \times \cancel{4} \times \cancel{7} \times \cancel{9} \times \cancel{13}}{\cancel{7} \times \cancel{11} \times \cancel{9} \times \cancel{10} \times \cancel{3}} = \frac{52}{110} = \frac{26}{55} \text{ Ans}$

CASE VI.

NOTE. In finding the least common multiple of two or more numbers, any one number that will measure another may be cancelled.

$$4\times2\times2\times5\times3=240$$
 Ans.

 $2\times2\times3\times4\times3\times5=720$ days, Ans.

CASE VII.

W	KEL 10 (Sec.)
4.	5.
ተ ሕ ል	ਪੈਂਡ, ਲੱਗ, ਡੇ
7)7 14 21	19)19 38 2
1 2 3	2 1 2 2
7×2×3=42	1 1 1
$7\overline{6\times4=24}$	_
$14 3 \times 3 = 9$	141 0.0 14
$21 \mid 2 \times 5 = 10$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
24, 9, 10 Ans.	$2 \mid 19 \times 1 = 19$
•	16, 5, 19 Ans.
6.	7.
$\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{12}$, $\frac{9}{9}$, $\frac{7}{16}$	3, 4, 5, 7
3)6 12 9 15	2)4 5 6 8
2)2 4 3 5	2)2 5 3 4
1 2 3 5	1 5 3 2
$3\times2\times2\times3\times5=180$	$2\times2\times5\times3\times2=120$
180	120
$6 \mid 30 \times 1 \implies 30$	$4 30 \times 3 = 90$
$12 \mid 15 \times 5 = 75$	$5 \mid 24 \times 4 = 96$
$9 \mid 20 \times 8 = 160$	$6 \mid 20 \times 5 = 100$
15 12×7= 84	$8 \mid 15 \times 7 = 105$
180, 750, 180, 180 A	*
8.	9.
\$, \$, \$, 1\frac{2}{1}	$\frac{7}{8}, \frac{8}{10}, \frac{31}{4}$
$4\times5\times9\times11=1$	
1980	2)2 10 1
$4 495 \times 3 = 1485$	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$4\times2\times5=40$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	40
1880, 1980, 1980, 1981	And $8 \mid 5 \times 7 = 35$
**************************************	· 10 4x 9= 30
•	$4 \mid 10 \times 31 = 310$
	25, 28, 230 Ans.

4. 4. 1
19, 24, 3
19)19 38 2
2)1 2 2
1 1 1
$19 \times 2 = 38$
$19 2 \times 8 = 16$
$\begin{array}{c c} 38 & 1 \times 5 = 5 \\ 2 & 19 \times 1 = 19 \end{array}$
$\frac{16}{88}$, $\frac{5}{88}$, $\frac{19}{38}$ Ans.
7.
3 4, 5, 5, 7
2)4 5 6 8
2)2 5 3 4
1 5 3 2
$2\times2\times5\times3\times2=120$
120
$ \begin{array}{c ccccc} 4 & 30 \times 3 = 90 \\ 5 & 24 \times 4 = 96 \end{array} $
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\frac{90}{120}$, $\frac{96}{120}$, $\frac{100}{120}$, $\frac{105}{120}$ Ans.
9.
$\frac{7}{8}, \frac{9}{10}, \frac{31}{4}$
0 4\8 10 4
0) 9 10 1
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$4 \times 2 \times 5 = 40$

7,
$$\frac{3}{14}$$
, $\frac{1}{128}$, $\frac{3}{14}$
7) 7 14 28 7
2) $\frac{1}{1}$ 1 2 1
7×2×2=28

11.

12.

\[
\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{12}
\]
11.

12.

\[
\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{5}{6}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{5}{12}
\]
2) 2 4 6 8 8 12
3) 1 2 3 4 4 6
2) 1 2 1 4 4 2
2) 1 1 1 2 2 1

1 1 1

2×3×2×2=24

2\[
\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{2}{1}
\]
2×3×2×2=24

2\[
\frac{1}{1} \frac{2}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{3}{1} \frac{6}{1} \frac{3}{1} \frac{5}{4} \frac{5}{1} \frac{

^일문, 글을, 골글 Ans.

441, 444, 494, 444 Ama

CASE VIII.

- 8. What part of 3 yards square are 3 square yards? It is evident, that a surface 3 yards square contains 9 square yards, and that 3 square yards are one third of 9 square yards. $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$ Ans.
- 9. What part of \(\frac{1}{6} \) of a solid foot is \(\frac{1}{6} \) of a yard solid ?

 Note. In some editions of the Arithmetic, there is an error in the statement of this question.

A solid foot contains 1728 cubic inches, and $\frac{1}{6}$ of 1728 is 288. One sixth of a yard is 6 inches, and a cube whose sides measure 6 inches each contains $6 \times 6 \times 6 = 216$ cubic inches, and 216 is $\frac{3}{4}$ of 288; thus $\frac{216}{216} = \frac{3}{4}$ Ans.

CASE IX.

5.
$$\frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$
 Ans.

6.
$$\frac{1}{260} \times 4 \times \frac{28}{100} = \frac{11}{26} = \frac{14}{24}$$
 Ans.

CASE X.

CASE XI.

18 gal. 2 qt. =
$$\frac{74}{252}$$
 qt. = $\frac{37}{125}$ Ans.

8 da. 17 h. 20 m. =
$$\frac{12560 \text{ m}}{43200 \text{ m}}$$
 = $\frac{117}{610}$ Ans.

Section 21. (p. 93.)

CASE II.

7.

$$3\times2\times3\times7\times4=504$$

$$12\times2\times3\times7\times4=2016$$

.8.

3

2

9.

$$25\times2\times3\times2=300$$

1

25)25

2) 1

1

$$2\times2\times3\times5\times7\times2=840$$

$$3280 \times 2 = 560$$

 $4210 \times 3 = 630$

$$7 | 120 \times 6 = 720$$

 $8 | 105 \times 7 = 735$

$$\frac{4437}{840} = 5\frac{79}{280} \text{ Ans.}$$

 $27 \times 7 = 189$

 $\frac{289}{1350}$

$$\frac{2}{8} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \times \frac{11}{12} \times \frac{11}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{6}{7} \times \frac{7}{10} = \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{3}{12} \cdot \frac{9}{9}$$

$$\frac{3}{12} \cdot \frac{9}{9}$$

$$\frac{3}{12} \cdot \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{3} \times 4 \times 3 = 36$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} = 4$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 4$$

$$\frac{9}{10} \text{ Ans.}$$

$$\frac{1}{36} \times \frac{1}{3} = 3$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \times 1 = 3$$

$$\frac{7}{36} \text{ Ans.}$$

$$\frac{1}{36} \times \frac{1}{3} = 3$$

$$\frac{7}{36} \times \frac{1}{3} = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = 3$$

$$\frac{1}{3$$

Section 22. (p. 95.)

SUBTRACTION OF VULGAR FRACTIONS.

. 12.	13.
178 — 4 1	18 — 18
3) 18 21	4) 20 16
$\frac{7}{6}$, $\frac{7}{7}$	5 4
$3\times6\times7=126$	$4\times5\times4=80$
1126	180
$18 \overline{7 \times 7} = 49$	$20 \overline{4 \times 19} = 76$
$21 6 \times 4 = 24$	$16 5 \times 11 = 55$
25	21 Ans
$\frac{23}{126}$ Ans.	$\frac{21}{80}$ Ans.
	en de la companya de La companya de la co
14.	15.
$\frac{17}{24} - \frac{7}{20}$	$\frac{11}{24} - \frac{1}{10}$
4) 24 20	2) 34 10
$\frac{7}{6}$	17 5
$4\times6\times5=120$	$2\times17\times5=170$
1120	1170
$24 \overline{5} \times 17 = 85$	$34 \overline{5} \times 11 = 55$
$20 6 \times 7 = 42$	$10 \ 17 \times 1 = 17$
43 Ans.	38 18 And
. 120 Ans.	$\frac{60}{170} = \frac{18}{15} \text{ Ans}$
	16.
$\frac{31}{36} - \frac{9}{16}$	144
4) 36 16	$36 \overline{4 \times 31} = 124$
9 4	$\begin{array}{c c} 16 & 9 \times 9 \Rightarrow 81 \\ \hline 43 & \end{array}$
	144 Ans.
$4\times9\times4=144$	144

D

17. 18.
$$\frac{18}{19} - \frac{3}{11} \qquad \frac{110}{37} - \frac{1}{19} \qquad 200 \times 19 = 3800$$

$$37 \begin{vmatrix} \frac{407}{11} \times 18 = 198 & 200 \\ \frac{37}{11} \times 18 = 198 & 19 \end{vmatrix} = 200 \times 11 = 2109 \\ \frac{87}{407} \text{ Ans.} \qquad \frac{19}{3800} \text{ Ans.}$$

$$19. \qquad 20. \qquad \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{100} \qquad \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{9}{11} = \frac{1}{33} = \frac{8}{11} \quad \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{7} = \frac{2}{23} = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$10) \frac{10}{100} \qquad \frac{1}{100} = 1000 \qquad 11 \times 14 = 154$$

$$10 \times 100 = 1000 \qquad 11 \times 14 = 154$$

$$10 \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1000}{1000} \times 1 = 100 & 11 \\ 1000 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{13} \qquad \frac{73}{154} \text{ Ans.}$$

$$21. \qquad 22. \qquad 22. \qquad 1 \times 9 = 36$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
4 \times 9 = 36 \\
10 \times 13 = 130 \\
10 \times 13 = 130 \\
10 \times 13 = 130 \\
13 \times 13 = 10 \\
130 \times 34 = 136 \\
130 \times 34 = 136 \\
125 \times 36 = 317 \\
130 \times 3$$

23. 24.
$$8\frac{3}{7} = \frac{59}{7} \quad 5\frac{1}{5} = \frac{29}{5} \qquad 9\frac{1}{4} = \frac{37}{4} \quad 3\frac{7}{5} = \frac{31}{5}$$

$$7 \times 5 = 35 \qquad 4) \underbrace{4}_{1} \quad 8$$

$$1 \quad 2$$

$$4 \times 2 = 8$$

$$\frac{35}{7 \times 29} = 203 \qquad 4$$

$$\frac{92}{35} = 2\frac{23}{5} \text{ Ans.}$$

$$\frac{8}{2 \times 37} = 74$$

$$8 \mid 2 \times 31 = \frac{31}{43} = \frac{31}{8}$$

$$\frac{43}{8} = 5\frac{3}{8}$$
[Ans.

$$10\frac{3}{4} = \frac{43}{4} \quad 10\frac{1}{19} = \frac{191}{19}$$

$$4 = \frac{191}{19} \quad 43 = \frac{817}{4}$$

$$4 \times 19 = 76 \quad 49 = \frac{76}{19} \times 43 = \frac{817}{4}$$

$$4 \times 19 = 76 \quad \frac{53}{76} \text{ Ans}$$

NOTE. In the following questions, the new numerator is found by multiplying each numerator by the denominator of the other fraction; and the common denominator is obtained by multiplying together the two denominators. See Arithmetic, page 96, question 32.

33. 34. 35.
$$12\frac{3}{7} = 12\frac{1}{14} \qquad 16\frac{3}{11} = 16\frac{3}{7} \qquad 19\frac{3}{5} = 19\frac{3}{15} \qquad 19\frac{3}{5} = 9\frac{3}{15} \qquad 15\frac{3}{7} = 19\frac{3}{15} \qquad 15\frac{3}{7} = 19\frac{3}{15} \qquad 15\frac{3}{7} = 19\frac{3}{15} \qquad 15\frac{3}{7} = 15\frac{3}{7} \qquad 15\frac{3}{7} \qquad 15\frac{3}{7} \qquad 15\frac{3}{7} \qquad 15\frac{3}{7} \qquad 10\frac{3}{7} \qquad 10\frac{3}{7}$$

NOTE. The answer to question 42 must be an infinite quantity; for the 11 in the numerator will contain the zero in the denominator an infinite number of times.

48. 44. 63 2
$$\frac{1}{8} = 2\frac{1}{8}$$
 10 3 $\frac{1}{2} = 3\frac{2}{8}$ 6 $\frac{67}{8}$ 3 $\frac{1}{2} = 1\frac{1}{8}$ 6 $\frac{67}{8}$ Ans. 67

Section 23. (p. 98.)

MULTIPLICATION OF VULGAR FRACTIONS.

8	4.	5.	6.
21	56	396	79
_3	3	9	7,
8)63	4) 168	11)3564	8)553
Ans. 77	Ans. 42	Ans. \$3.24	Ans. \$ 691
7.	8.	9.	10.
376	189	471	871
11	15	2	1
17)4136	17)2835	117)942	37)871
Ans. 2 4 3 5 7	Ans. 1 661	Ans. 839	Ans. 2339
11.		12.	14.
36	5	867	93 3
11	3	<u> </u>	5 5
117)4124	5 136)	867	45 8)15
Ans. 35	261	ns. 6,5,1,	17 17
••	· • • • •	An	s. 46 <u>7</u>

1 23 3 81 11 71 10 10 84 5) 21 72 12) 99 70 9) 10 4½ 4½ 8½ 8½ 1½ </th <th>15.</th> <th>16.</th> <th>17.</th>	15.	16.	17.
84 5) 21 72 12) 99 70 9) 10 4½ 8½ 8½ 1½ 1½ 71½ Ans. 18. 19. 20. 11½ 6 5 5 6 6 6 8 8 5 5 6 6 6 6 88 7) 48 35 11) 30 138 12) 42 3½<	7 7	$\begin{array}{ccc} 8\frac{11}{12} & & 11\\ 9 & & 9 \end{array}$	
18. 19. 20. 11\frac{1}{5} & 6 & 7\frac{1}{11} & 6 & 23\frac{7}{12} & 7 \\ \frac{8}{8} & 8 & 5 & 5 & 6 & 6 \\ 88 & 7) & 48 & 2\frac{1}{11} & 2\frac{1}{12} & 2\frac{1}{13} & 2\frac{1}{12} & 2	84 5)21	72 12)99	70 9)10
18.	41 41	<u></u>	<u> 1\$</u> 11
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	88 _f Ans.	8 U ₂ Ans.	
88 7) 48 35 11)30 138 12)42 94\$ Ans. \$.37\frac{1}{1}\$ Ans. \$141\frac{1}{1}\$ Ans. 21. 22. 23. 8\$\frac{3}{5}\$ 3 \$6\frac{3}{8}\$ 3 \$6.37\frac{1}{1}\$ 1 5 5 9 9 12 12 12 12 12 12 40 8) 15 54 8) 27 76.44 2) 12 1\frac{1}{5}\$ 17 \frac{3\frac{3}{8}}{8}\$ \frac{3\frac{3}{8}}{3\frac{3}{8}}\$ \frac{6}{6}\$ 6 76.50 Ans. 24. 25. 26. \$9\frac{3}{8}\$ 3 \$11\frac{1}{5}\$ 7 7 99 8) 33 7.00 8) 525 77 8) 49 4\frac{1}{2}\$ 4\frac{1}{2}\$ 65\frac{1}{2}\$.65\frac{1}{2}\$ Ans. \$83\frac{1}{4}\$ Ans. 27. 28. 29. \$7.62\frac{1}{2}\$ 1 \$83\frac{1}{4}\$ Ans. 29. \$\frac{5}{5}\$ 5 \$\frac{5}{5}\$ 15 \$14.30 \$2)15 90 \$15 \$15 \$14.30 \$2)15 \$95\frac{1}{5}\$ Ans. \$15\frac{1}{5}\$ Ans. \$114.37\frac{1}{4}\$ Ans. \$95\frac{1}{5}\$			
88 7) 48 35 11)30 138 12)42 94\$ Ans. \$.37\frac{1}{1}\$ Ans. \$141\frac{1}{1}\$ Ans. 21. 22. 23. 8\$\frac{3}{5}\$ 3 \$6\frac{3}{8}\$ 3 \$6.37\frac{1}{1}\$ 1 5 5 9 9 12 12 12 12 12 12 40 8) 15 54 8) 27 76.44 2) 12 1\frac{1}{5}\$ 17 \frac{3\frac{3}{8}}{8}\$ \frac{3\frac{3}{8}}{3\frac{3}{8}}\$ \frac{6}{6}\$ 6 76.50 Ans. 24. 25. 26. \$9\frac{3}{8}\$ 3 \$11\frac{1}{5}\$ 7 7 99 8) 33 7.00 8) 525 77 8) 49 4\frac{1}{2}\$ 4\frac{1}{2}\$ 65\frac{1}{2}\$.65\frac{1}{2}\$ Ans. \$83\frac{1}{4}\$ Ans. 27. 28. 29. \$7.62\frac{1}{2}\$ 1 \$83\frac{1}{4}\$ Ans. 29. \$\frac{5}{5}\$ 5 \$\frac{5}{5}\$ 15 \$14.30 \$2)15 90 \$15 \$15 \$14.30 \$2)15 \$95\frac{1}{5}\$ Ans. \$15\frac{1}{5}\$ Ans. \$114.37\frac{1}{4}\$ Ans. \$95\frac{1}{5}\$	11 5 6 8	7.6 6 5 5	$23\frac{7}{12}$ 7
6\$\frac{4}{9}\$ 6\$\frac{6}{6}\$ \$\frac{2\frac{7}{11}}{2\frac{7}{11}}\$ \frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{2\frac{1}{11}}\$ \frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{3\frac{1}{2}}\$ \frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{1\frac{1}{2}}\$ \frac{1}{4}\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{2}\$ \frac{1}{2}\$ \frac{1}{2}\$ \fra	88 7) 48		
9 4ş Ans. \$.37\frac{1}{1}\$ Ans. \$ 22. \$ 23. \$ 23. \$ 23. \$ 23. \$ 24. \$ 25. \$ 26. \$ 26. \$ 25. \$ 26. \$ 2	65 65	$\frac{2^{8}_{11}}{2^{8}}$	0,
21.	9 44 Ans.	\$.3 7 s Ans.	\$ 1 4 1] Ans.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 1.	22.	к 23.
3 3 3 3 76.44 2)12 1½ 1½ 3½ 3½ 76.44 2)12 \$41½ Ans. \$57½ Ans. \$76.50 Ans. 24. 25. 26. \$9½ 3 \$1.75 \$1.75 7 7 99 8)33 7.00 8)525 77 8)49 4½ 4½ 6½ 6½ 6½ 6½ \$103½ Ans. \$7.65½ Ans. \$83½ Ans. 27. 28. 29. \$10½ 5 5 15 15 15 14.30 2)15 9 9 5 5 114.30 2)15 7½	8 3 3	\$63 3	\$6.37½ 1
\$41\frac{7}{6}\text{Ans.}\$\$ \$57\frac{3}{6}\text{Ans.}\$\$ \$26.\$\$ \$24.\$ \$25.\$ \$26.\$ \$9\frac{3}{8}\text{3}\text{3}\text{4\frac{3}{8}}\text{3}\text{3}\text{811\frac{1}{8}}\text{.7}\text{7}\text{7}\text{7}\text{7}\text{998}\text{833}\text{33}\text{7.00}\text{8}\text{5\frac{5}{6}}\text{.65\frac{5}{6}}\text{.76\frac{5}{2}\text{.114.30}\text{.2015}\text{.15\frac{5}{6}\text{.65\frac{5}{6}}\text{.75\frac{5}{6}\text{.65\frac{5}{6}}\text{.85\frac{5}{6}\	- - - -	<u> </u>	12 12
\$41\frac{7}{6}\text{Ans.}\$\$ \$57\frac{3}{6}\text{Ans.}\$\$ \$26.\$\$ \$24.\$ \$25.\$ \$26.\$ \$9\frac{3}{8}\text{3}\text{3}\text{4\frac{3}{8}}\text{3}\text{3}\text{811\frac{1}{8}}\text{.7}\text{7}\text{7}\text{7}\text{7}\text{998}\text{833}\text{33}\text{7.00}\text{8}\text{5\frac{5}{6}}\text{.65\frac{5}{6}}\text{.76\frac{5}{2}\text{.114.30}\text{.2015}\text{.15\frac{5}{6}\text{.65\frac{5}{6}}\text{.75\frac{5}{6}\text{.65\frac{5}{6}}\text{.85\frac{5}{6}\	40 8) 15	54 8) 27	76.44 2)12
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 4 17 Ans.	8 3	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	· ·		•
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11 11	\$ 1.75 \$ 1.75	7 7
\$ 1 0 3\frac{1}{6} Ans. \$ 7.6 5\frac{1}{6} Ans. \$ 8 3\frac{1}{6} Ans. \$ 29. \$ 29. \$ 10\frac{1}{6} 5 \$ \$ 3\frac{1}{6} \$ 1 \$ \$ \$ \$ 7.6 2\frac{1}{2} \$ 1 \$ \$ 9 9 \$ 5 5 5 \$ 15 5 \$ 1 1 4.3 0 2)15 \$ 5\frac{1}{6} \$ 5\frac{1}{6} \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	99 8)33	7.00 8)525	77 8)49
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	41 41	.654	$\frac{6\frac{1}{8}}{2} \frac{6\frac{1}{8}}{6\frac{1}{8}}$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ I 0 3\frac{1}{2} Ans.	\$ 7.65§ Ans.	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 10§ 5	\$3 ₁ 1 5 5	\$7.62½ 1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	90 8)45	15 K	
\$95§ Ans. \$15§ Ans. \$114.37§ Ans.	54 55	<u>0</u>	
	\$ 95 § A ns.	\$ 15§ Ans.	\$ 114.37\(\frac{1}{4}\) Ans.

$$\frac{5}{11} \times \frac{11}{20} = \frac{5}{20} = \frac{1}{4}$$
 Ans.

$$\frac{8}{13} \times \frac{13}{24} = \frac{8}{24} = \frac{1}{3}$$
 Ans.

$$\frac{18}{19} \times \frac{19}{90} = \frac{18}{90} = \frac{1}{5} \text{ Ans.}$$

86.

$$\frac{15}{17} \times \frac{17}{60} = \frac{15}{60} = \frac{1}{4}$$
 Ans. $\frac{1}{9} \times \frac{8}{17} = \frac{8}{153}$ Ans.

37.

$$\frac{1}{9} \times \frac{8}{17} = \frac{8}{153}$$
 Ans

88.

$$\frac{6}{23} \times \frac{23}{36} = \frac{6}{36} = \frac{1}{6} \text{ Ans.} \qquad \frac{7}{8} \times \frac{8}{9} = \frac{7}{9} \text{ Ans.}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{8}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$$
 Ans

40.

$$\frac{8}{11} \times \frac{11}{32} = \frac{8}{32} = \frac{1}{4} \text{ Ans.} \qquad \frac{7}{10} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{21}{40} \text{ Ans.}$$

41.

$$\frac{7}{10} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{21}{40}$$
 Ans.

43. $71 \times 63 = \frac{57}{1} \times 59 = \frac{3353}{55} = 60 3$ Ans.

44. $47 \times 91 = 39 \times 37 = 1443 = 4533$ Ans.

45. $113 \times 84 = \frac{79}{2} \times 44 = \frac{3476}{2} = 99\frac{1}{1}$ Ans.

46. $123 \times 115 = 51 \times 124 = 5324 = 1474$ Ans.

47. $7\frac{2}{3} \times 5\frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{3} \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{3} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$

48. $7\frac{1}{8} \times 3\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{7}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} 25\frac{1}{2} \text{ Ans.}$

49. 63 \times 233 = 45 \times 95 = 4275 = \$ 15218 Ans.

50. $34 \times 94 = 31 \times 79 = 2449 = 3472$ miles, Ans.

51. $36111 \times 251 = 14451 \times 203 = 29131513 = 89167118$ Ans.

52.
$$\frac{2}{8} \times \frac{8}{8} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$
; $\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{9}{11} = \frac{7}{11}$; $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{7}{11} = \frac{7}{44}$ of a dollar, Ans.

53.
$$97\frac{5}{16} \times 49\frac{3}{7} = \frac{1557}{16} \times \frac{346}{16} = \frac{538722}{112} = 4810\frac{1}{16}$$
 rods, Ans.

54.
$$\frac{3}{9} \times \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{9}{11} = \frac{12}{12}$$
; $\frac{2}{3} \times 1^{8} = \frac{26}{3} = 12$; $\frac{12}{12} \times \frac{12}{12} = \frac{144}{12} = \frac{167}{12}$

144 = 157 acres, Ans.

55. $76\frac{7}{25} = \frac{1907}{25}$; $18\frac{3}{4} = \frac{75}{4}$; $\frac{1907}{25} \times \frac{75}{4} = \frac{143025}{1000} = 1430\frac{1}{4}$ p. = 8A. 3R. $30\frac{1}{4}$ p. Ans.

56. $7\frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$; $1\frac{3}{4} = \frac{7}{4}$; $1\frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$; $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{7}{4} \times \frac{5}{4} \times \frac{10}{1} = \frac{10850}{64}$ = 169 $\frac{1}{3}\frac{7}{4}$ cubic feet, Ans.

57. $\frac{7}{11}$ of an acre = 2R. 21p. 222\frac{2}{4}ft. From this we subtract 20p. 200ft. and there remain 2R. 1p. 22\frac{2}{4}ft. Ans.

58. $\frac{1}{13} \times \frac{160}{13} \times \frac{1 \cdot 75}{13} = \frac{3080 \cdot 90}{13} = $236.92 \frac{4}{13}$ Ans.

59. $15\frac{3}{4} = \frac{63}{4}$; $\frac{3}{19} \times \frac{20}{1} \times \frac{63}{4} = \frac{3780}{76} = \$ 49.73\frac{3}{18}$ Ans.

60. $14\frac{2}{5} = \frac{7}{5}$; $11\frac{2}{5} = \frac{49}{5}$; $5\frac{4}{5} = \frac{49}{5}$; $10\frac{1}{4} = \frac{41}{4}$; $\frac{7}{5} \times \frac{49}{5} \times \frac{41}{5} = \frac{115718549}{5} = 9184$ Ans.

61. $\frac{7}{7} - \frac{4}{7} = \frac{3}{7}$; $\frac{7}{72} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{21}{64} = \frac{1}{4}$; $\frac{1}{1}^{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{1^{2}} = \frac{28}{4}$; $12\frac{2}{7} = \frac{5}{4}$; $\frac{5}{1} \times \frac{28}{7} = \frac{1428}{7} = \frac{8}{3}.57$ Ans.

62. $19\frac{3}{7} = \frac{136}{7}$; $7\frac{3}{8} = \frac{59}{8}$; $\frac{136}{7} \times \frac{59}{8} = \frac{8084}{56} = 1437$ Ans.

63. $13_{112}^{83} = \frac{1539}{112}$; $3\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$; $\frac{1539}{112} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{23984}{448} = 851\frac{247}{448}$ Ans.

64. $7\frac{7}{10} = 7\frac{1}{6}$; $9\frac{1}{12} = 9\frac{1}{6}$; $7\frac{1}{6} + 9\frac{1}{6}$; $= 17\frac{1}{6}$; $= 12\frac{1}{6}$; $78\frac{1}{6} = \frac{627}{6}$; $= \frac{627}{6}$; $= 1380.70\frac{1}{6}$ Ans.

65. $175\frac{2}{5} = \frac{878}{5}$; $\frac{5}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$; $\frac{878}{5} \times \frac{2}{5} = \frac{1756}{255}$; $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1756}{3} \times \frac{1756}{3} \times \frac{1756}{3} \times \frac{1756}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{61459}{3659} = \frac{204\frac{1}{12}}{12}$ Ans.

66. $475 \div 3 = 158\frac{1}{3}$; $158\frac{1}{3} \times .08 = \$ 12.66\frac{2}{3}$; $475 - 158\frac{1}{3}$ = $316\frac{2}{3}$; $\frac{2}{3} \times 316\frac{2}{3} = 211\frac{1}{3}$; $211\frac{1}{3} \times .10 = \$ 21.11\frac{1}{3}$; $316\frac{2}{3} - 211\frac{1}{3} = 105\frac{1}{3}$; $105\frac{1}{3} \times .12\frac{1}{3} = \$ 13.19\frac{1}{3}$ Ans.

 $\$21.11\frac{1}{9} + \$12.66\frac{2}{9} + \$13.19\frac{4}{9} = \$46.97\frac{2}{9}; \$46.97\frac{2}{9} - \$30.00 = \$16.97\frac{2}{9}$ Green's bargain, Ans.

67. $143 = \frac{101}{7}$; $\frac{14}{101} \times \frac{101}{7} = \frac{14}{7} = 2.00 Ans.

68. 234 = 165; $16\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$; $165 \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{644}{1} = 388\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; $134 = \frac{9}{5}$; $\frac{9}{5} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{1}\frac{3}{4} = 223\frac{1}{1}$ ft.; $7\frac{5}{12} \times 2 = 14\frac{6}{5}$; $388\frac{1}{4} = 14\frac{6}{5} = 374\frac{2}{1} = \frac{74}{2}$ f ; $223\frac{1}{1}\frac{3}{4} = 14\frac{6}{5} = 209\frac{2}{1}$ = $\frac{43}{2}$ f ; $\frac{7}{1}$ f × $\frac{43}{2}$ f = $\frac{3}{1}$ f · $\frac{1}{2}$ f · $\frac{1$

69. If $\frac{2}{3}$ of this field be planted with corn, $\frac{1}{3}$ of the field will remain unplanted. And if $\frac{2}{3}$ of this remainder be sown with wheat, then there will remain $\frac{1}{3}$ of the whole field; because, if $\frac{2}{3}$ of $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{9}$ be taken from $\frac{1}{3}$, the remainder will be $\frac{1}{3}$; thus, $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{9} - \frac{2}{9} = \frac{1}{9}$. If, then, $\frac{3}{7}$ of this $\frac{1}{9}$ be planted with potatoes, $\frac{4}{7}$ of the $\frac{1}{9}$ will remain; and $\frac{4}{7}$ of $\frac{1}{9}$ is $\frac{4}{9}$. That is, the 3 rods square and the 3 square rods are $\frac{4}{9}$ of the whole field; but 3 rods square are 9 square rods; and if to these we add the 3 square rods, the whole amount will be 12 square rods. If, then, 12 square rods be $\frac{4}{9}$ of the field, 3 square rods will be $\frac{1}{9}$ of the field; and, if $\frac{1}{9}$ of the field be 3 rods, $\frac{6}{9}$, or the whole field, will be 63 times as much, that is, 63 \times 3 = 189 square rods = 1A. OR. 29p. Ans.

70.
$$\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{8}{11} \times \frac{11}{14} \times \frac{5}{17} \times \frac{17}{19} \times \frac{19}{25} = \frac{35}{350} = \frac{1}{10}$$
 Ans.

Section 24. (p. 103.)

DIVISION OF VULGAR FRACTIONS.

- 2. $\frac{7}{11} \times \frac{1}{12} = \frac{7}{122}$ Ans.
- 3. $\frac{11}{12} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{11}{86}$ Ans.
- 4. $\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{12} = \frac{7}{108}$ Ans.
- 5. $\frac{5}{7} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{7}$ Ans.
- 6. $\frac{9}{23} \times \frac{1}{15} = \frac{9}{345} = \frac{3}{115}$ Ans.
- 7. $f_7 \times g_8 = g_8 = g_8$ Ans.

8.
$$\frac{3}{4} \times 10000 = \frac{3}{4} 2857\frac{1}{7}$$
; $\frac{10000}{4} = 2857\frac{1}{7} = 7142\frac{1}{7}$; $\frac{1}{8} \times 7142\frac{1}{7} = 2380\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{7}$; $\frac{1}{7} \times 7142\frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{8} \times \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{1}{7}$

10.
$$18 \times 8 = 144$$
; $144 \div 7 = 204$ Ans.

11.
$$27 \times 12 = 324$$
; $324 \div 11 = 29.5$ Ans.

12.
$$23 \times 4 = 92$$
; $92 \div 1 = 92$ Ans.

13.
$$5 \times 5 = 25$$
; $25 \div 1 = 25$ Ans.

14.
$$12 \times 4 = 48$$
; $48 \div 3 = 16$ Ans.

15.
$$16 \times 2 = 32$$
; $32 \div 1 = 32$ Ans.

16.
$$100 \times 19 = 1900$$
; $1900 \div 17 = 111 + Ans$.

17.
$$50 \times 5 = 250$$
; $250 \div 3 = 83$ Ans.

18.
$$60 \times 11 = 660$$
; $660 \div 9 = 73\frac{1}{3}$ min. Ans.

20.
$$17\frac{3}{5} \div 7 = 2\frac{18}{5}$$
 Ans.

21.
$$18\frac{3}{7} \div 8 = 2\frac{17}{56}$$
 Ans.

22.
$$27\frac{1}{12} \div 9 = 3\frac{1}{108}$$
 Ans.

23.
$$31_{10} \div 11 = 2_{110}^{91}$$
 Ans.

24.
$$78\frac{4}{5} \div 12 = 6\frac{34}{60} = 6\frac{17}{30}$$
 Ans.

25.
$$189\frac{1}{15} \div 4 = 47\frac{13}{30}$$
 Ans.

26.
$$107_{12} \div 3 = 35_{36}^{25}$$
 Ans.

27.
$$17\frac{3}{7} \div 7 = \$ 2\frac{2}{1}\frac{4}{5}$$
 Ans.

28.
$$106\frac{7}{9} \div 8 = \$ 13\frac{25}{7}$$
 Ans.

29.
$$100 \times 25 = 2500$$
; $2500 \div 72 = \$0.34\frac{13}{18}$ Ans.

30.
$$3 \times 2 = 6$$
; $6 + 4 = 10$; $$107_{11} \div 10 = $10_{\frac{4}{5}}$ boy's share; $$10_{\frac{4}{5}} \times 2 = $21_{\frac{2}{5}}$ girl's share, Ans.

81.
$$\frac{17}{20}$$
 of a ton is 17cwt.; and, if 17cwt. be divided by 14, the quotient will be 1cwt. 0qr. 24lb. Ans.

35.
$$\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{4}{8} = \frac{28}{8} = \frac{31}{2}$$
 Ans.

36.
$$\frac{13}{5} \times \frac{12}{5} = \frac{156}{5} = \frac{52}{5}$$
 Ans.

37.
$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{10}{3} = \frac{20}{9} = 2\frac{2}{9}$$
 Ans.

38.
$$\frac{9}{10} \times 7 = \frac{63}{10} = 6\frac{3}{10}$$
 Ans.

39.
$$\frac{4}{5} \times \frac{11}{2} = \frac{44}{5} = \frac{42}{5}$$
 Ans.

40.
$$7\frac{3}{8} = \frac{59}{8}$$
; $4\frac{1}{2} = \frac{9}{2}$; $\frac{59}{8} \times \frac{2}{8} = \frac{118}{12} = 1\frac{23}{38}$ Ans.

41.
$$3\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$$
; $7\frac{1}{2} = \frac{15}{2}$; $\frac{7}{2} \times \frac{2}{15} = \frac{7}{15}$ Ans.

- **42.** $11\frac{1}{4} = \frac{45}{4}$; $5\frac{3}{7} = \frac{38}{7}$; $\frac{45}{4} \times \frac{7}{38} = \frac{315}{152} = 2\frac{11}{152}$ Ans.
- **43.** $4\frac{3}{7} = \frac{3}{7}$; $1\frac{7}{9} = \frac{16}{9}$; $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{9}{16} = \frac{279}{112} = 2\frac{55}{112}$ Ans.
- **44.** $116\frac{3}{7} = \frac{8+5}{7}$; $14\frac{1}{7} = \frac{99}{7}$; $\frac{815}{7} \times \frac{7}{99} = \frac{8+5}{99} = \frac{823}{99}$ Ans.

45. $81\frac{1}{7} = \frac{568}{7}$; $9\frac{1}{5} = \frac{46}{5}$; $\frac{568}{7} \times \frac{5}{46} = \frac{2840}{322} = 8\frac{182}{161}$ Ans.

46. $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{7}{6} = \frac{14}{24} = \frac{7}{12}$; $\frac{1}{7} \times \frac{2}{6} = \frac{2}{63}$; $\frac{7}{12} \times \frac{63}{2} = \frac{441}{24} = 18\frac{3}{6}$ Ans.

Section 25. (p. 106.)

EXERCISES IN VULGAR FRACTIONS.

- 1. $9 \times 7 = 63$ square inches, Ans.
- 2. $11\frac{3}{4} = \frac{47}{4}$; $4\frac{1}{4} = \frac{17}{4}$; $\frac{47}{4} \times \frac{17}{4} = \frac{799}{16} = 49\frac{1}{16}$ square inches, Ans.
- **3.** $18\frac{3}{7} = \frac{129}{70}$; $9\frac{7}{10} = \frac{97}{10}$; $\frac{129}{70} \times \frac{97}{10} = \frac{12513}{70} = 178\frac{53}{70}$ rods, Ans.
- 4. $19\frac{3}{4} = \frac{79}{4}$; $17\frac{3}{4} = \frac{71}{4}$; $\frac{79}{4} \times \frac{71}{4} = \frac{5609}{16} = $350\frac{9}{16}$ Ans.
- 5. $14\frac{7}{20} = \frac{287}{20}$; $7\frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{4}$; $\frac{287}{20} \times \frac{31}{4} = \frac{8887}{880} = \$111\frac{127}{120}$ Ans.
- 6. $13\frac{1}{20} = \frac{271}{20}$; $8\frac{7}{8} = \frac{7}{8}$; $\frac{271}{20} \times \frac{7}{8} = \frac{19841}{1881} = \frac{19841}{180}$ Ans.
- 7. $1\frac{7}{6} = \frac{15}{6}$; $1\frac{7}{6} = \frac{15}{6}$; $\frac{15}{6} \times \frac{15}{6} = \frac{225}{64} = $3\frac{33}{64}$ Ans.
- 8. $\frac{9}{16} \times \frac{199}{16} = \0.561 Ans.
- 9. $\frac{17}{17} \times \frac{190}{1790} = \0.211 Ans.
- 10. $\frac{41}{180} \times \frac{100}{150} = \frac{4100}{150} = \$0.25\$$ Ans.
- 11. $\frac{33}{62} \times \frac{100}{16} = \frac{3300}{62} = \$0.51\frac{9}{16}$ Ans.
- 12. As 3 leaked out, 5 remained in the cask, therefore

- $87\frac{1}{2} = \frac{175}{7}$; $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{175}{7} = \frac{576}{7}$; $27\frac{1}{2} = \frac{55}{2}$; $\frac{875}{16} \times \frac{55}{2} = \frac{48325}{32} = \frac{8}{15} \cdot 15.03\frac{28}{32}$ Ans.
- 13. $7\frac{3}{8} = \frac{59}{8}$; $3\frac{7}{8} = \frac{31}{8}$; $\frac{59}{8} \times \frac{31}{8} = \frac{1829}{8}$; $4\frac{3}{8} = \frac{35}{8}$; $\frac{59}{8} \times \frac{35}{8} = \frac{2825}{8}$; $\frac{2825}{8} = \frac{2325}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$ 3.68 $\frac{3}{8}$ Ans.
- 14. $47\frac{5}{11} = \frac{522}{11}$; $29\frac{7}{16} = \frac{471}{16}$; $\frac{522}{11} \times \frac{471}{16} = \frac{245862}{178} = 1396\frac{83}{83}$ square rods; $5 \times 5 = 25$; 25 + 5 = 30; $1396\frac{83}{83}$ = $-30 = 1366\frac{83}{83}$ square rods, Ans.
- 15. $48\frac{1}{16} \Rightarrow \frac{778}{16}$; $\frac{178}{16} \times \frac{97}{1} = \frac{75583}{16} = 4722\frac{1}{16}$ square rods; $18\frac{5}{12} = \frac{22}{12}$; $14\frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$; $\frac{2}{12}$ \times $\frac{1}{8}$ square rods; $4722\frac{1}{16} = 264\frac{1}{96} = 4457\frac{3}{96}$; $4457\frac{3}{8}$ \times $3.75 = $16717.30\frac{1}{15}$ Ans.
- **16.** $8 \times 5 \times 3 = 120$ solid feet, Ans.
- 17. $7\frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$; $4\frac{5}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$; $3\frac{5}{6} = \frac{23}{6}$; $\frac{3}{4}$ × $\frac{53}{12}$ × $\frac{23}{6}$ = $\frac{37789}{12789}$; $\frac{37789}{12789}$ × $\frac{19}{12} = \frac{37789}{12789}$ = $1312\frac{7}{17}$ feet, Ans.
- 18. \$17.87 $\frac{1}{2}$ + 2 = \$8.93 $\frac{3}{4}$. Now, if $\frac{3}{5}$ of this sum were given to the Bible Society, $\frac{2}{5}$ of it will remain, therefore \$8.93 $\frac{3}{4}$ × $\frac{2}{5}$ = \$3.57 $\frac{1}{2}$ Ans.
- 19. $10\frac{4}{5} = \frac{54}{5}$; $50 \times 5 = 250$; $250 \div 54 = 4\frac{17}{27}$; $12\frac{3}{4} 4\frac{17}{27} = 8\frac{108}{108}$ Ans.
- **20.** $7\frac{3}{8} = \frac{59}{8}$; $20 \times 8 = 160$; $160 \div 59 = 2\frac{2}{5}$ Ans.
- **21.** $9\frac{7}{8} = \frac{79}{8}$; $\$ 4.62\frac{1}{2} = \frac{925}{2}$; $\frac{79}{8} \times \frac{925}{2} = \frac{73075}{16} = \$ 45.67\frac{1}{16}$ Ans.
- **22.** $47\frac{3}{4} = \frac{191}{4}$; \$ 12.37\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2475}{2}; $12\frac{7}{6} = \frac{193}{8}$; $\frac{2475}{4} \times \frac{198}{4} = \frac{1019760}{30560} = $ 3.33\frac{1}{6}\frac{1}{4}$ Ans.$
- **23.** \$ $15.87\frac{1}{2} = \frac{2.176}{27.8400}$; $12\frac{2}{8} = \frac{9.9}{8}$; $\frac{2.175}{27.8400} \times \frac{8}{14.11\frac{1}{4}}$ Ans.
- **24.** § 19.18\(\frac{3}{2}\) = $\frac{7675}{4}$; 3\(\frac{3}{2}\) = $\frac{27}{8}$; $\frac{7675}{4}$ × $\frac{3}{8}$ = $\frac{184200}{864}$ = \$2.13\(\frac{7}{8}\) Ans.
- **25.** $8_{\frac{1}{12}} = \frac{101}{12}$; $3_{\frac{1}{12}} = \frac{47}{12}$; $2_{\frac{1}{12}} = \frac{25}{12}$; $\frac{101}{12} \times \frac{47}{12} \times \frac{25}{12} = \frac{13527}{12} = 68_{\frac{1}{12}} = 68_{\frac{1}{12}}$, feet, Ans.

Section 26. (p. 109.)

NUMERATION OF DECIMAL FRACTION

1.	307.25
2.	47.7
8.	18.05
4.	29.003
5.	.0049
6.	8.000008
7.	7 5.9
8.	2000.002
9.	18.018

Section 27. (p. 110.)

10. 505.001006

ADDITION OF DECIMALS.

2.	3.
171.61111	.16711
16.7101	1.766
.00007	76111.i
71.0006	167.1
1.167895	.000007
260.489775	1476.1
	77756.233117
4.	5.
151.01	56000.014
611111.01	19.19
1 6.5	57.0048
6.7	23005.4
4 6.1	.000014
4 U. I	.000014
.67896	79081.608814

SECT. 28.] GREENLEAF'S INTRODUCTION.

6.		7.
49.0105	•	3.0018
89.107	•	1005.023043
.000127		87.107
.0048		.0049
138.122427		47000.00309
		1000 7 1 0 0 0 0 0

Section 28. (p. 111.)

SUBTRACTION OF DECIMALS.

5.		• 6	•
81.35		1.	
	8956		543
69.67	1044	.128	457
	7.		8.
100.	•	87.1	
99.1	11176	5.6	789
.8	88824	81.4	211
9.	•	1	l o.
100.		73	
	01		.073
99.9	99		.927
- 11	l.	12	•
365.		857000.	
	047		1009
364.9	953	356971.999	95991
18.	14.	15.	16.
75	.3125	.95	3.7
	.125	.44	1.8
75	.1875	.51	1.9

~. ~	KEY TO	[8 .
17.	18.	19.
8.125	9.375	.666
2.6875	1.5	.041
5.4375	$\frac{7.875}{7.875}$.625
0.1070	1.010	.0 20
Sec	tion 29. (p. 1)	- 12.)
MULTIPLIC	ATION OF	DECIMALS
10.	•	11.
.087	107	7000.0015
.000015		.0107
.000001305		0000105
		00015
	. 1144.9	0001605
12.		18.
.009	7	.096
400.67		.00096
679		576
582	_	864
388		00009216
3.886499		
14.	15.	16.
1000000.	100.	.101
00000		
1.	400	
	100	101 101
	.14	
		.01020201
17.		18.
1050.00		000000.
.008		.7
525000 31500021		400000.
3.202502		• • •
3,XUZ5UZ		

19.	20.
400,004	\$ 1.1 2 5
3 0.0 3	4 6.
1200012	6750
1200012	4500
$\overline{12012.12012}$	\$ 51.75
21.	22.
Tons 17.125	\$.125
\$ 1 8.8 7 5	18.
85625	1000
119875	125
"1370 00	\$ 2.2 5 0
137000	V 13.13 C C
17125	· •
\$323.234375	

Section 30. (p. 113.)

DIVISION OF DECIMALS.

8. 9. 1.2) 172.8 (144. .12) 1728 (14400. 10. 11. 12) .1728 (1.44 12) 1.728 (.144

12. 18.

1.2) 1 7.28 (1 4.4 .0012) 1 7 28 (1 4 4 0 0 0 0.

15.

12).001728(.000144 9.7)147.828(15.24.

14.

16. .328).678767(2.069

Section 31. (p. 114.)

REDUCTION OF DECIMALS.

CASE III.

1.	2.
.628125	.778125
20	20
$\overline{12.562500}$	· 15.562500
12	4
6.750000	2.250000
4	28
3.000000	7.00000
Ans. 12s. 63d.	Ans. 15cwt. 2qr. 7lb

•		
8.	4.	5.
.75	965625	94375
- 5	. 8	4
3.75	7.725000	3.77500
4	. 40	4 0
3.00	29.000000	$\overline{31.00000}$
Ans. 3qr. 3na.	Ans. 7fur. 29rd.	Ans. 3R. 31p.
6.	•	7.
.81562	5	.5555
1	2	12
9.78750	0	$\overline{6.6660}$
2	0	8
15.75000	0	$\overline{5.3280}$
2	4.	. 3
18.00000	· ·	$.\overline{9840}$
Ans. 9oz. 15dwt.	. 18gr.	20
	8	19.6800
	An	s. 63 · 53 · 00 · 1917gr.

Section 32. (p. 117.)

EXERCISES IN DECIMALS.

1.	2.	
28 14.0	28 7.00	
4 3.500	4 1.2500	
15.875	20 18.3125	
89.50	17.915625	
793750	\$ 5 3.8 0	
142875	1433250000	
\$ 150.81,250	53746875	
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	89578125	
	9 63.86,0625	

l	Š	í	Ì

•	KEY TO	[Sect. 32.
8	4.	5.
40 16.0 3.4 37.8 \$75.1 2271 3785 18925	5 15.875 6 \$3.75	15.375 \$4.625 76875 30750 92250 61500
$\frac{26495}{2844.80,6}$	\$ 59.53,125	\$ 71.10,9375
6.		7.
40 36. 8 6.	0 9 0 0 0	$63 \mid 21.0$ $27.3\overline{33} +$

 $\begin{array}{r} 17.8625 \\ \$376560 \\ \hline 10717500 \\ \$93125 \\ 1071750 \\ 1250375 \\ 535875 \\ \$67263.03,0000 \\ \end{array}$

7. 63 | 21.0 27.333 + 815.375 136665 191331 8+999 136665 27333 \$420.24,4875 +

8.

12 9.00	.12 6	.0	12	3.0	0
$1\overline{8.75}$	4	.5	,	7.2	3
				4.	.5
				62	
				00	
				.62	
		_		8,7	
		-		12	_
,				75	ļ.
••		261			
		326			
•	Feet (B 1 1	.7 1	87	5

(Carried up.)

(Brought up.)
611.71875
1728
575000
143750
503125
71875
Inches 1242.00000

Ans. 611ft. 1242in.

Sucr. 32.] GREENLEAF'S INTRODUCTION.

9.		10.		11.
12 6.0 12.5 2.75 62.5 87.5 25.0 34.3.75 144 1500 1500 37.5 54.000 Ans. 340. 5	\$ \$	2 1.0 4 3.500 25.875 \$ 3.75 129375 181125 77625 2.70,3125	8 101 1304	30.00 3.75 144.9375 \$97.621 2898750 696250 45625 4375 7246875 9.52,34375
Ans. Sett. D	410.			*•

12.	13.
$\begin{array}{c c} 28 & 21.00 \\ 4 & 0.7500 \\ 20 & 18.1875 \\ \hline \hline & 3.909375 \\ \$9.375 \end{array}$	\$ 5.5 0 8 7)44.00 \$ 6.2 84
$ \begin{array}{r} \hline $	7.75 $\overline{3140}$ 4396 4396 $442$$
3 6.6 5, 0 3 9 0 6 2 5 2 0.2 5 Ans. \$ 1 6.4 0 +	\$ 48.7 1,4 2\$ Ans.

Section 33. (p. 119.)

SIMPLE INTEREST.

8,	4.	5.	, 6.
8 197	\$1728	\$ 69	\$1775
.06	.06	.0 6	.06
\$ 1 1.8 2	103.68	4.14	106.50
	3	2	7
	\$311.04	88.28	\$ 7 4 5.5 0
7.	8.	•	9.
\$9 '87	\$ 69	9.1 7	9 6.8 7
.06		.0 6	.06
$\overline{59.22}$	4.1	502	$\overline{5.8122}$
10		4	11
\$ 592.20	\$ 1 6.6 (0,08	\$ 6 3.9 3,4 2
10.	11.	• .	12.
\$ 1.9 5	\$178		\$ 666.66
.06), י	06	.06
$\overline{1170}$	107.8	34	39.9996
18	2	20	30
\$ 2.1 0,6 0	\$ 2146.8	30 \$	1199.98,80
	18.		14.
\$	98.50	\$ 1	68.13
•	.0 6		.0 6
. 5.	9100	10	.0878
-	5		11
	5500	110	.9658
98.	50	168	.13
\$128.	0 5,0 0	\$279	.0 9,5 8

-	ENLEAF'S INTROD	UCTION. 57
. • 1	5.	16.
. 87	5.7 5	\$ 675.50
	.06	.06
45	450	40.5300
	17	100
77.2 75.7		4 0 5 3.0 0 6 7 5.5 0
	<u> </u>	
* \$153.0	1,50	\$4728.50
	CASE II.	
2.	3.	4.
\$1728	8 1 6.8 7	\$118.15
.09	.10	.15
♦ 155.52	\$ 1.6 8,7 0	59075 11815
		\$ 17.72,25
_		
5.	6.	7.
\$ 9 7.1 6 .0 8 <u>1</u>	\$ 789.87	*978.18
$\frac{.03_{2}}{77728}$,11 <u>1</u> 868857	$\begin{array}{r} 13\underline{1} \\ 293454 \end{array}$
4858	39493	97818
88.25,86	\$ 9 0.8 3,5 0	48900
• 5 5,0 5	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	132.0543
		978.18
	•	\$ 1110.23,43
8.	9.	10.
\$87.96	\$81.81	\$.87
.0 01	.50	.4 31
.4398 87.96	4 0.9 0 5 0 8 1.8 1	261 348
		43
8 88.39,98	\$ 122.71,50	.3784
	•	.87
		\$124,84

58	KEY TO	[Sect. 33 ,
•	CASE III.	•
3.	4.	5.
\$761.75	\$1728.19	\$ 88.96
.078	<u>~086</u> §	.081
228525	1036914	8896
533225	$\begin{matrix}1382552\\115212\end{matrix}$	71168
\$ 5 5.6 0,7 7 5	\$ 149.77,646	\$ 7.2 0,5 7 6
•	•	
6.	7.	8.
8 107.50	\$87.25	\$73.16
.0098	.100	<u>48 e 0.</u>
96750 8958	872500 7270	58528 65844
\$1.05,708	\$ 8.7 9,7 7 O	6096
41.00,70 0	\$ 0.1 5 ,1 1 0	8 7.2 3,0 6 4
9.	10.	11.
\$ 1.7 1	\$ 100	\$ 3.0 5
$.120\frac{1}{3}$.5 0 O _k	.0 1 0 1
3420	50000	3050
17157	16	101
\$.2 0,5 7 7	\$ 5 0.0 1,6	8 .03,151
•	CASE IV.	
2.	3.	4.
y. mo. da. 1841 4 5	y. mo. da. 1841 8 1	y. mo. da. 1841 11 11
1838 11 10	1837 6 29	1839 3 7
2 4 25	4 1 2	2 8 4
\$ 169.75	\$17.18	\$ 67.07
.1 4 41	.2 4 5	.1603
67900	8590	402420
67900	6872	6707
$\begin{matrix}16975\\2829\end{matrix}$	3436 572	4471
\$24.47,229	\$ 4.21,482	\$ 10.77,591
TA 4.4 1,228	\$ 4.8 1,40 A	

5.	6.	7.
y. mo. da. 1841 11 19 1839 0 7 2 11 12	y. mo. da. 1843 0 11 1839 9 9	y. mo. da. 1842 1 11 1841 2 1 11 10
\$117.75 .177 82425 82425 11775 \$20.84,175	\$847.15 .195\frac{195\frac{1}{423575}}{423575} 762435 84715 28238	\$7.18 .0563 4308 3590 478 \$.40,686
8. y. mo. da. 1845 10 25 1842 4 29 3 5 26	9. y. mo. da. 1842 2 9 1839 6 25 2 7 14	10. y. ma. da. 1843 11 7 1841 5 4 2 6 3
\$976.18 .209\frac{1}{878562} 195236 32539 \$204.34,701	$ \begin{array}{r} \$144\\ \underline{.157\frac{1}{8}}\\ 1008\\ 720\\ \underline{14448}\\ 22656\\ \underline{144}\\ \$166.65.6 \end{array} $	\$123. .150½ 6150 12361 18.51,1 123 \$141.51,1

1	12.	
1842 mo. da.	1842 mo. da.	y. mo. da. 1841 5 11
1840 0 19	1841 3 23 ·	1840 5 5
1 11 12	8 8	1 0 6
\$375.83	\$7 6.19	\$68.19
117	$-\frac{.041\frac{1}{3}}{}$.061
263081	7619	6819
37583	30476	40914
375 83	2539	\$ 4.1 5,9 5 9
4 3.9 7,2 1 1	3.1 4,9 18	7
3 75.83	76.19	6) 2911713
419.80,211	\$ 79.33,918	\$4.85,285
7 9.3 3,9 1 8		
\$ 499.14,129		
13.	14.	15.
1842 11 30	y. mo. da.	y. mo. da. 1841 6 4
	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1841 6 4 1839 5 5
3 10 13	1 5 20	2 0 29
\$79.15	• \$ 89.96	\$ 3 2 5.
$.232_{6}$.088 1	.1 2 4
15830	71968	1300
23745	71968	650
15830	791648	325
1319	2998	270
\$ 18.37599	7.94,646	4 0.5 7 0
71	8 1	71
12863193	6357168	283990
918799	198661	10142
6)13781992	6)6555829	6)294.132
2296998	10.92,638	4 9.0 2,2
79.15	8 9.9 6	325 .
<i>8</i> 102.11,998	\$100.88,638	\$374.02,2

		. 04
16.	17.	18.
y. mo. da. 1842 9 9	y. mo. da. 1842 6 4	y. mo. da. 7
1839 11 29	1842 6 4 1841 0 29	1843 8 7 1839 5 19
2 9 10		
	- 0	4 2 18
\$1728 ·	\$976.18	\$176.17
.1663	.085	.253
10368 10368	488090 780944	$\begin{array}{r} \overline{52851} \\ 88085 \end{array}$
1728	81348	35234
1152	83.78,878	44.57101
288000	2	93
9 9	167.57,756	40113909
6) 2592000	, 101.01,1,00	3342825
\$432.000	6	3456734
1728.	•	\$72.42,789
\$2160.00,0 ·		•
19.	•	20.
1843 11 17	1847	mo. da.
1843 11 17 1841 5		$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 23 \\ 11 & 3 \end{array}$
2 6 16		8 20
\$87.25		379.78
.1 5 2 3		$\frac{2.323_{\frac{1}{3}}}{13934}$
17450 43625		5956
8725		934
5816	759	
13.32,016		12659
5	882	.3 5,5 5 3
6)6660080	·	73
11.10,013		.48871
87.25		.76664
\$ 98.35,013	6)6838	
Φ Β Ο.Ο Ο,Ο Ι Ο	1139	70,922
	379	
• • •	81519	48222

Section 34. (p. 125.)

PARTIAL PAYMENTS

	2.			
Principal			•	8876.5
Interest for 10 mont	hs 11 day	VS.		4 5.4
		,-	A moun	t \$ 9 2 1.9
E:			8 9 7.0 0	
First payment	_		3.88	•
Interest for 8 month	3		265.00	
Second payment	- E J	•		
Interest for 7 month	s o days		9.4 9 1 7 0.0 0	
Third payment	- 05 4	_	4.10	
Interest for 4 month	s 25 days	8		
Fourth payment	0.1		79.00	
Interest for 1 month	z days		4 2	_
				\$628.8
Balance due Aug. 6,	1843			\$ 2 9 3.0
y. mo. da. 1843 7 6	1843		da.	y. mo. ć 843 7
1842 8 25	1842			843 0
10 11		8	0	. 7
\$876.50	\$ 9	7.00		\$ 2 6 5.0 (
.0 5 1 §		.04		035
87650	838	8,00		132500
438250	40.0	0,00		79500
73041				22088
8 4 5.4 3,1 9 1			٠.	
•			4	9.49,588
y. mo. da. 1843 7 6			1843	mo. da.
1843 2 11			1848	
			1040	1 2
				- ~
\$170			-	379
.0241			.0	051
680			3	95
840				26
28			8.7	2,1
# 4.1 0,8			4.1	
4 =.1 Up				

0.	
Principal	8987.75
Interest for 9 months 2 days	4 4.77
	Amount \$ 1032.52
First payment	8 300.00
Interest for 7 months 12 days	11.10
Second payment	4 0 0.0 0
Interest for 6 months & days	1 2.5 3
Third payment	1 5 0.0 0
Interest for 2 months 18 days	1.95
	* \$875.58
D	
Balance remains due Dec. 13, 18	42 \$ 156.94
y. mo. da.	y. mo. da.
1842 11 13	1842 11 13
1842 0 11	1842 4 1
0 11 2	7 12
2 0	· •
$\overline{0}$ 9 2	

\$ 987.75	\$300
.0 4 5 1	037
493875	2100
395100	900
32925	\$ 1 1.1 0,0
\$ 4 4.7 7,8 0 0	•
_	
y. mo. da. 1842 11 13	y. mo. da. 1842 11 13
1842 5 5	1842 8 25
6 8	2 18
\$400	\$ 150
.0314	.0 1 3
400	450
1200	150
133	\$ 195,0
\$ 1 2.5 3,3	4.00 ,0
¥ - 10.0 0,0	

•	4.		
Principal	•	8800.00	
Interest for 10 mon	ths 27 days	4 3.6 0	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	mount \$843.60	
First normant		4.00	
First payment Interest for 9 month		6.98	
Second payment	us &i uays	0.00	
Interest for 7 month		3.1 5	
Third payment		0.00	
Interest for 5 month		0.00	
Fourth payment		0.00	
Interest for 2 mont		1.45	
		\$755.58	
Damain J T 1	1040	· <u> </u>	
Remains due June 1,	1843	\$88.02	
y. mo. đa.	y. mo. da.	y. mo. da.	
1843 5 1	1843 5 1	1843 5 1	
1842 6 4	1842 7 10	1842 10 1	
10 27	9 21	7 0	

\$800	\$144	\$90	
<u>.0 5 4½</u>	$-0.48\frac{1}{2}$.035	
3200	1152	450	
4000	576	270	
400	7 2	\$ 3.1 5,0	
\$ 4 3.6 0,0	8 6.9 8,4	•	
•	•		
y. mo. da.	y .	mo. da.	
1843 5 1	184		
1843 0 1	184	3 2 4	
5 0		2 27	
\$400		\$ 100	
$.025$ $.014\frac{1}{2}$			
$\overline{2000} \qquad \overline{400}$			
800	100		
8 1 0.0 0,0		50	
Ψ Z 0.0 0,0	2	1.4 5,0	

CASE II.

pal carrying interest from April 10, it from April 10, 1836, to July 4, 1836, onths 24 days	\$1000.00 14.00
Amount	1014.00
st from July 4, 1836, to Jan. 1, 1837, onths 24 days	9 1 4.0 0 2 6.9 6
Amount l payment	940.96 200.00 740.96
st from Jan. 1, 1837, to Sept. 25, 1838, nonths 24 days	77.05
Amount	$ \begin{array}{r} 818.01 \\ 300.00 \\ \hline 518.01 \end{array} $
st from Sept. 25, 1838, to March 9,), 5 months 14 days	14.15
Amount payment	$532.16 \\ 100.00 \\ \hline 432.16$
st from March 9, 1839, to April 7, 1840, nonths 28 days	27.94
Amount	$\frac{460.10}{250.00}$ $\frac{250.00}{210.10}$
st from April 7, 1840, to Jan. 10, 1842, 10nths 3 days	22.16
_	\$ 232.26

Principal carrying interest from June 5, 1838, Interest from June 5, 1838, to January 1,	\$ 1666.00
1841, 30 months 26 days	257.11
First payment, July 4, 1839, a sum less than the interest \$100.00 Second payment, Jan. 1, 1840, a sum less than the interest 10.00 Third payment, July 4, 1840, a sum less than the interest 15.00 Fourth payment, Jan. 1, 1841, a sum larger than the interest 500.00	•
	625.00
Interest from Jan. 1, 1841, to Feb. 7, 1842, 13 months 6 days	1298.11 2 85.67
Fifth payment Feb. 7, 1842	1393.78 656.00
Interest from Feb. 7, 1842, to Jan. 1, 1843, 10 months 24 days	727.78 39.30
Remains due Jan. 1, 1843	\$767.08

Section 35. (p. 128.)

COMMISSION AND BROKERAGE.

1.	2.	3.
\$ 5678	\$7896	\$1728
,0 3	.0 2	.0 14
# T 7 0.3 4	\$ 157.92	1728
		864
		82592

4.	5.		
\$ 1 5.5 0	8 6.5	0 82.75	
97	5 (
10850	3250	$\overline{2200}$	
13950	249	2.00 2200	
1503.50	598	3.60 \$ 242.00	
.0 21	4088		
3.00700		.0 33	
75175	1225	380	
\$37.58,75	306	420 .	
4 - 11 - 51 - 5	\$153.2	<u>1,0 0</u>	
•	6.	7.	
\$ 10.60	8000	\$30 ···	
5.6	.2 0	50	
6360	\$1600.00	\$ 1500	
5300	-	-	
\$ 5 9 3.6 0		•	

Section 36. (p. 129.)

INSURANCE AND POLICIES.

1.	2.	, 3.	4.
8868	81728	\$3500	83500 0
.1 2	.15	.012	.0 34
\$104.16	8640	$\overline{3500}$	105000
	1728	2625	26250
	\$ 2 5 9.2 0	\$ 61.25	\$ 1312.50
٠.			\$35000.00
	•		1312.50
			\$33687.50

Section 37. (p. 130.)

STOCKS.

2.	8.	4.
# 100 75	\$8979 1.12	,91
7500 1.25	1077.48 8979	1789 16101
37500 15000	10056.48	\$1627.99
7500 \$9375.00	•	•

Section 38. (p. 131.)

BANKING.

•			
1.	. 2.	3.	4.
\$478	\$780	\$1728	\$ 1000
.0 I 0 <u>1</u>	.0 0 5 <u>1</u>	.1 51	.201
4780	3900	8640	20000
239	390	1728	500
\$ 5.0 1,9	\$ 4.2 9,0	864	\$ 2 0.5 0.0
•	•	\$ 26.78,4·	• 11 110 54
			\$1000
		•	2 0.5 0
			Ans. 8979.50

Section 39. (p. 132.)

DISCOUNT.

2.

1.06) 152.64 (\$144 1.24) 477.71 (\$385.25

5.

1.20)172.86(\$144.05 1.218)800.00(\$656.81+

1844 0 da. 1843 3 5 1842 9 4 1843 0 1

1.0745)\$375.75(\$349.69 + 1.0153)125.75(\$123.81 + [Ans.

NOTE. The divisors to the above questions are obtained by considering one half of the months and one sixth of the days a decimal, to be annexed to a unit. That is, the interest of one dollar is equal to half the number of months in cents; and to one sixth strumber of days in mills, when the rate is 6 per cent.

Section 40. (p. 133.)

COMPOUND INTEREST.

. 2		8.		4.
. \$76	1.75 1.06	\$ 6 7.2 5		\$78.69 1.07
457 7617	050	40350 725	<u>, </u>	55083 869
807.4 1.0	5 7	1.28,5 1.06		4.198
48447 80745		7710	$\frac{\overline{58}}{58}$	9386
855.89 1.06	7 5.5 1.	6,2 1 0 6	90.0	91
513534 85589	4533 75562		6306 90091	37
907.243	\$ 8 0.0 9,5	¥ _	9 6.3 9 7 1.0 7	
5443458 907243			74779 397	
961.677 761.75		103.	1 4 4 1.0 7	
199.92		722	4	•
•	* \$1	1 0.3 6,	4	

•	
5.	6.
\$128	\$76.18
1.06	1.06
768	45708
128	7618
135.68	80.7508
1.06	1.06
81408	4845048
13568	807508
143.82	85.595
1.06	1.0 4 1 1
86292	85595
14382	342380
152449	85595
1.028	42797
1219592	89.14,7192
304898	76.18
152449	\$ 12.96
\$ 156.71,757 2	

Section 41. (p. 136.)

EQUATION OF PAYMENTS.

4.

The times of payment having been added to the bills, they will become due as follows:

\$375.60	will be due	May	7,	1841.
687.25		Aug.	18,	1841.
568.5 0	do.	Dec.		
300.00	do.	March	25,	1842.
675.75	do.	Aug.		
100.00	do.	March		

FORM OF STATEMENT.

* \$375.60	× 0	May 25
687.25	\hat{x} 103 = 70786.75	June 30
	\times 214 = 121659.00	July 31
	\times 322 = 96600.00	Aug. 31
	$\times 455 = 307466.25$	Sept. 30
	$\times 298 = 29800.00$	Oct. 31
\$270690	270690)626312.00(2	311 1 Nov. 30
4.4.1.00.00	210050)020012.00(2	08 208
		231 +

The equated time, therefore, will be Dec. 24, 1841. The remainder being more than 23, it must be the 24th day. In performing this question, we have taken the exact number of days in each bill from May 7, 1841. Merchants usually consider a month from any given day in a month to a corresponding one in the next month, whether the time be 30 or 31 days.

Section 42. (p. 139.)

PROPORTION.

4. 4lb.: 87lb.:: \$.36: \$7.83 Ans.

5. 63gal.: 9gal.:: \$ 14.49: \$ 2.07 Ans.

6. 19A.: 97A.:: \$337.25: \$1721.75 Ans.

7. 11da.: 47da.:: 319 miles: 1363 miles, Ans.

8. 4lb.: 48lb.:: 7lb.: 84lb. Ans.

9. \$5437.50 : \$7687.50 :: 87 tons : 123 tons, Ans.

10. 15bar.: 79bar.:: \$ 120: \$ 632 Ans.

11. 3 days: 12 days:: 9 horses: 36 horses, Ans.

12. 7gal.: 27gal.:: \$5.88: \$22.68 Ans.

13. 9lb.: 147lb.:: \$10.80:: \$176.40 Ans.

14. 9 tons: 27 tons:: \$85.95: \$257.85 Ans.

15. 15 tons: 765 tons:: \$ 105: \$5355 Ans. 16. 16hhd.: 176hhd.:: \$ 320 : \$ 3520 Aps.

:

17.

1781)1070541.29(\$601.09 Ans. 10686

1941 1781 16029 16029

8587

18. 478 10- 114 ...

12	a. : & 70. 198. 11a, : : \$1 20
90	1539 12
9	0) 18479 (\$205.32 1 Ans. 180
	479 450
	290 270

200 180 20

74 KEY TO	S zor. 4
19. 8s.: £1 9. 19s. 8d. :: \$1	
12 20	
$\overline{96}$ $\overline{399}$	
12	
$96)\overline{4796}$ (\$49.95 + Ans.	
384	
956	
864	
920 864	
560 480	
20. 4s. 8d. : £176. 18s. 4d. : : \$1	
12 20	
56 3538	
12	_
56) 42460 (\$758.21 + Ans	i.
$\frac{322}{326}$	
280	
460	
448	
120	
112	
80	
56	
21. 4s. 6d. : £769. 18s. 9d. :: \$1	
12 20	
54 15398	
12	
54) 184785 (\$3421.94 + Ans.	
162 (Brought up).)

54) 184785 (\$3421.94 + Ans.

162
(Brought up.)

105

216

118

108

108

105

(Carried up.)

218

22.

23.

24.

25. 21 — 15 = 6rd. : 21rd. :: 96rd. : 336rd. Ans.

26. $4+5=9 \text{ men}: 5 \text{ men}:: 12h.: 6\frac{2}{3}h. \text{ Ans.}$

27. 10-3=7 men: 10 men: 63da.: 90da. Ans.

28. \$7.50 : \$5.00 :: 5oz. : 3\frac{1}{3}oz. Ans.

29. 13h.: 14h.:: 10da.: 1018da. Ans.

30. 40lb.: 79lb.:: 29lb.: $57\frac{1}{40}$ lb. Ans.

84. $11\frac{4}{5}$ yd.: 100yd.:: $4\frac{7}{17}$ yd. $= \frac{5}{5}$: $\frac{100}{1}$:: $\frac{5}{11} = \frac{5}{59}$

 $\times \frac{190}{1} \times \frac{51}{1} = \frac{2550}{649} = 39\frac{199}{649}$ yds. Ans.

85. $5\frac{1}{11}$ Cwt. : $25\frac{7}{11}$ Cwt. : : $14\frac{7}{6}$ E. E. $=\frac{61}{11} \cdot \frac{262}{11}$: : $\frac{1}{18}$

E. E. =
$$\frac{119}{8} \times \frac{5}{1} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{595}{32}$$
qu. = $\frac{11}{61} \times \frac{282}{11} \times \frac{595}{32}$ = $\frac{167799}{1352}$ = 85yd. 3qr. 3\frac{2}{61}na. Ans.

36. 48da.: 36da.:: 144 men: 108 men; 144 — 108 = 36 men, Ans.

87. $6:1::1:\frac{1}{6}$ the part James will do in one day. $8:1::1:\frac{1}{6}$ the part John will do in one day. $\frac{1}{6}+\frac{1}{8}=\frac{7}{24}$ the part James and John will do in one day. $\frac{7}{4}$ w. : 1w. :: 1da. : 3\$\frac{3}{4}da. Ans. SECT. 46.] GREENLEAF'S INTRODUCTION.

9h.: 1h.:: 1w.: ½w. = part Samuel will do in one day.
 4h.: 1h.:: 1w.: ½w. = part Samuel and Alfred will do in one day.
 ½ - ½ = ½ = part Alfred will do in one day.
 ½ - ½ = ½b = part Alfred will do in one day.
 ½ - ½ = ½b = part Alfred will do in one day.

39. 10da.: 1da.:: 1w.: 10w. = part Atwood would do in a day.
 7da.: 1da.:: 1w.: 1 w. = part Jerry and his father would do in a day.
 6da.: 1da.:: 1w.: 1 w. = part Jacob and his father would do in a day.
 1 - 10 = 3 = part Jerry would do in a day.
 1 - 10 = 1 = part Jerry would do in a day.
 1 - 10 = 1 = part Jerry and Jacob would do in a day.

41. $\$5.00 \times 40 = \200.00 , price given for the cloth; \$1.00 : \$1.15 :: \$200.00 : \$230.00 Ans.

23 days, Ans. -

- 42. \$ 1.00 : \$ 0.70 :: \$ 175.00 : \$ 122.50 Ans.
- 43. \$6.00 \$5.00 = \$1.00; \$5.00: \$1.00:: \$100: 20 per cent., Ans.
- 44. \$15.00 \$12.00 = \$3.00; \$15.00: \$3.00:: \$100.: 20 per cent., Ans.
- 45. $\frac{180}{100} \frac{80}{100} = \frac{40}{100} : \frac{80}{100} :: $60 : $120 Ans.$
- 46. \$0.25: \$27.50:: 1gal.: 110 gallons, Ans.
- 47. \$ 15.75 : \$ 1728 :: 1A. : 109A. 2R. 343p. Ans.

Section 43. (p. 144.)

COMPOUND PROPORTION.

\$300 : \$100 } :: 12 months : 8 months, Ans.

OPERATION.

 $100 \times 32 \times 12$ $\frac{1}{2}$ = 8 months, Ans. 900 x 6

:: \$100 : \$800 Ans. 8mo.: 12mo.

\$860 : \$100 8mo. : 12mo. } :: \$32 : \$6 Ans.

20 men : 15 men } :: 60 days : 67 days, Ans

351bu.: 1404bu. }:: 939 men : 5634 men, Ans

24 men : 248 men 9 hours: 11 hours 7 hard. : 4 hard. 2321 feet : 3371 feet

3 feet : 5 feet

21 feet : 31 feet

:: 51 days : 132 days, Ans.

Section 44. (p. 145.)

COMPANY BUSINESS.

2.

 $\frac{6000}{20000} = \frac{3}{10}$ A.'s fractional part. A.'s stock \$ 6000 $\frac{9000}{20000} = \frac{9}{20}$ B.'s fractional part. B.'s stock \$9000 $\frac{5000}{20000} = \frac{1}{4}$ C.'s fractional part. C.'s stock \$ 5000 **\$** 20000 **\$840** 8840 8840 20)7560 4)840 10)2520 8252 **8210** \$378 A.'s gain. B.'s gain. C.'s gain.

. .

Parker \$ 8750 $\frac{$750}{19360} = \frac{$75}{1936}$ Parker's part.

Dole \$ 3610 $\frac{$3810}{19360} = \frac{391}{1936}$ Dole's part.

Gage \$ 7000 $\frac{7000}{$1936} = \frac{700}{1936}$ Gage's part.

\$6875 --- \$375 =- \$6500

 $\frac{$6500 \times 875}{1936} = $2937.75 \frac{129}{129} = Parker's dividend.$

 $\frac{$6500 \times 361}{1936} = $1212.03\frac{62}{121} = \text{Dole's dividend.}$

 $\frac{$6500 \times 700}{1936} = $2350.20 \frac{80}{121} = Gage's dividend.$

4.

A.'s debt \$500 $\frac{500}{2000} = \frac{1}{4}$ A.'s fractional part. B.'s do. \$386 $\frac{386}{2000} = \frac{193}{1000}$ B.'s fractional part. C.'s do. \$988 $\frac{988}{2000} = \frac{507}{2000}$ C.'s fractional part. D.'s do. \$126 $\frac{126}{20000} = \frac{63}{1000}$ D.'s fractional part.

Section 45. (p. 147.)

DOUBLE FELLOWSHIP.

```
$ 700 \times 5 = 3500 \quad \frac{3500}{133300} = \frac{35}{135} \text{ A.'s fraction.} \\ $800 \times 6 = 4800 \quad \frac{4800}{13800} = \frac{135}{133} \text{ B.'s fraction.} \\ $500 \times 10 = 5000 \quad \frac{5000}{813300} = \frac{500}{138} \text{ C.'s fraction.} \\ \frac{399 \times 35}{133} = $105 \text{ A.'s gain.} \\ \frac{399 \times 48}{133} = $144 \text{ B.'s gain.} \\ \frac{399 \times 50}{133} = $150 \text{ C.'s gain.} \end{array}
```

Johnson's stock $\$1000 \times 6 = 6000$ $500 \qquad \frac{500}{1500 \times 6 = 9000}$ $\$1500 \times 6 = 9000$ \$15000Hyde's stock $\$800 \times 4 = 3200$

8.

$$\$ \frac{400}{1200} \times 6 = 7200$$
 $\frac{11888}{500} = \frac{118}{18} \text{ Hyde}$ $\$ 700 \times 2 = 1400$ $\$ 11800$

Tyler's stock \$
$$1200 \times 7 = 8400$$
 $\frac{15369}{1500} = \frac{153}{153}$ Tyler.
\$ $\frac{300}{1500} \times 3 = 4500$ \$ 15000 11800 \$ 16300 \$ $\frac{16300}{16300}$ \$ $\frac{16300}{43100}$ \$ $\frac{16300}{431} = 348.02\frac{338}{431}$ Johnson's gain.
\$ $\frac{1000 \times 150}{431} = 348.02\frac{338}{431}$ Hyde's gain.
\$ $\frac{1000 \times 118}{431} = 378.19\frac{13}{431}$ Tyler's gain.

4

The stock in trade is a horse and chaise to ride to Newburyport and back; the whole distance being 30 miles. The expense for the horse and chaise may be considered the "loss"; and the proportional part which each rode, the "time." Now, by the rule, each man is to bear his share of the loss (expense) in proportion as he has the use of the stock in trade (horse and chaise). Morse had the use of the whole stock in trade for the first 4 and last 4 miles, for which he must pay $\frac{8}{30} = \frac{4}{15}$ of \$3.00 = \$0.80. For the remaining part of the distance, 22 miles, the expense was $\frac{2}{30} = \frac{1}{15}$ of \$3.00 = \$2.20. Of this sum, Jones and Morse will pay equal parts = \$2.20 \div 2 = \$1.10. Morse will therefore pay \$0.80 + \$1.10 = \$1.90, and Jones \$1.10.

OPERATION.

$$\frac{4}{15} + \frac{11}{15} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{19}{30} = \text{Morse's product.}$$

$$\frac{11}{15} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{30} = \text{Jones's product.}$$

$$\frac{39}{30} = \text{sum of the products.}$$

$$\frac{39}{39}: \frac{11}{30}:: \$3.00$$

$$30) \frac{300}{300} (\$1.10 = \text{Jones's share of the expense.}$$

$$\frac{30}{30}$$

$$\frac{30}{30}$$

5.

As Jones's capital was invested 12 months and Cotton's but 9 months, Cotton's capital must be $\frac{1}{9}$ of Jones's capital.

9 months: 12 months:: \$1000: \$1333.334 Ans.

Section 46. (p. 148.)

DUODECIMALS.

	2.		8	3.			4.			
n. 8 7	in. 3 9		12 9	9 1 1		_	9 11			
6		3	114	9 8	3	88 13		1		
63	11	<u>3</u>	126	5	3	103	9	10	78	4

- Sect. 46.] GRI	EENLEAF'S	INTRODUCTION	т. 88
5.		6.	7.
161 8 6 7 10	87 5	1 11 7 5	ft. 18 1 10
1131 11 6 134 9 1 1266 8 7	435 50 3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 15 0 33 0
	489	8 0 2 7	
8.	9.	10	
ft. in. 19 8 2 11	ft. in. 18 9 10 6	n. in. 14 9 12 6	ft. in. 14 9 12 6
39 4 18 0 4	187 6 9 4 6	$\frac{\overline{27} \overline{3}}{2}$	7 4 6
57 4 4	196 10 6	54 6 7 9	184 4 6
· •		381 6 40 10 6	368 9 0 422 4 6
	•	422 4 6	791 1 6 [Ans.
	. 1	l 1. _	
1 9	ft. in. 1 2 2	ft. in. 1 9 2	ft. in. 3 8 2
3 8 2 9	1 0 3 8	1 7 1 0	3 6 1 7
6 5 2	3 0	1 7 2	3 6 2 0 6
$\begin{array}{c c} \hline 12 & 10 \\ 7 & 4 \end{array}$	3 8	3 2	5 6 6 1 0
$\begin{array}{c c}3&2\\\hline 23&4\end{array}$	7 4	:.	5 6 6 12
12 280 0 Ans.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	66 6 0 =
A VEID.		7	66 feet 864in.

	12.	13.
rods. 18	n. 924	n. 5 6
	$3\frac{1}{2}\times4=14$	5 6
28	938	280
<u>. 2</u>	4	
56 161	3752	32)308(95 cor 288
$\frac{16\frac{1}{2}}{336}$	$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{11256}$	<u>288</u> 20
56	1976	20
28	13132	
$ \begin{array}{c} \overline{924} \\ 4 \times 2 = 8 \end{array} $	5592	•
4 X 2 = 5 932	7540 An	s.
· 3 ·		
2796	1	5.
2	1	î. 17
5592		7
14.	67	
ft. in. 23 8		<u> 3</u>
23 8 3 9	203	87 82 8
$\frac{3}{71} \frac{3}{0}$		
i7 9	128)248 128	3
$32)88 9(2\frac{95}{12}$	cords, 120	9
$\frac{12^{'}64}{384}$ $\frac{12^{'}}{24}$	[Ans. $\frac{115}{6.5}$	
12	1 <u>6)5</u> 12 4	97 (3 8
297	192	9
$3)\frac{354}{384} = \frac{99}{128}$		12
	11	$\frac{6}{3} = 22$
	19	2 = ₹8
n.	16.	

	A :-	17.				
•	ft. in. 1 7	20				
	12	12				
	19 197	240(12 fee	et 711in	. Ans.		
		19				
	•	50				
		38				
		12		ě		
		12				
	19)	144(7 18 io	٠			
.*	٠.*	133				٠
		11				
		18.				
	ft. in. 19 7	in. 144	•	•		
,	12	9				-
		35) 1296 (3	121in	Ang.		
	200	1175	236	22201		
,		121		1		
1	l 9.		2	20.		
n. 19	in.	10	ft. in.	ft. in.	10	
19	8 6	12 11	6 6 2 6	5 6 3 6	12 11	
275	4	23	$\frac{2}{13}$ 0	16 6	23	
9	10	23	3 3	2 9	20	
285	2		. 16 3		46	
7	6	7 <u>1</u>	· 10 3 2	19 3	4 0	
1996	2	$\frac{1}{322}$	$\frac{32}{6}$		41	0
142	7	23	.0.0	32 6		š
128)2138	9(16 cords.	9)345		27 4	27	4
128	0(10 001 001	381	9)117 7		_
858		13 ₁₇		13,7		
768						
16\900	(5 4 3 feet.	2010	g yardı	, Aus.		
12 80	(- 04			•		
$\overline{192} \overline{10}$				•		
12		•				,

Section 48. (p. 154.)

EXTRACTION OF THE SQUARE ROOT.

•	•
3.	4.
23 80464 i (4879	10673289(3267
16	9
88)780	$62)\overline{167}$
704	124
967)7646	646)4332
6769	3876
9749)87741	6527)45689 45689
87741	4,0009
5.	6.
20894041 (4571	i0i4049(1007
16	1 `
85)489	2007)014049
425	014049
907)6440	
6349	
9141)9141	•
9141	
₩	•
. 7.	8.
516961(719	182329(427
49	16
141)269	$82)\overline{223}$
141	164
1429)12861	847)5929
12861	5929

		•			
9.		10.			
61723020.	96(7856.4	9754.60423716(98.7654			
49		' 81			
$148)\overline{1272}$		188)1654			
1184	•	1504			
1565) 8830		1967)15060			
7825		13769	_		
15706)100520		19746)129142			
94236		118470	•		
157124)62849		197525)10660			
62849	70	9876			
		1975304)790 790)1216)1216		
11.	12.	13.	14.		
√ ₹₹₹₹	√ 1848 12768	√ 49 52 8	√ 195		
372 i(61	1849(43	49(7	<u>i</u> 96(14		
<u>36</u>	16	49	1		
121)121	83)249		24) 96		
121	249		<u>96</u>		
7569 (87	Ï2769(113	529(23	625(25		
64 `	1 `	4 `	4		
167)1169	21)27	43)129	45)225		
1169	21	129	225		
	$223)\overline{669}$				
§ 1 Ans.	669	$\frac{7}{23}$ Ans.	14 Ans.		
	43 Ans.				
15.	16.		17.		
60^{16}_1 $=$ $\frac{16}{567}$	$28\frac{7}{8} = 3$	1849	$47\frac{1}{64} = \frac{3}{64}$		
961(31	1849	(43	3025(55		
9	16	_	25		
61)61	83)249		105)525		
61	249	<u>) </u>	525		
16(4	64(8	64(8		
<u>16</u>	64		64		
$\frac{41}{4} = 7\frac{2}{4}$ Ans. •	$\frac{4^3}{5^3} = \overline{5^3}$	Ans.	*4 = 67 Ans		

18.	18. 19.		20.	
22657.67.47.6 16 67,665 609	40 9 40 9 1600 51	360 360 21600 108	450 450 22500 190	
946)5676 5676	1661 (41 A 16 81)61 81	202500	202500 76.2 miles, [Ans.	
21. 3 ² =9:2 ² =4:	201 4 9)81(9min. 81 [Ans.	749 1146)7290 6876 11522)32400 23044	•	

2000lb. : 4000lb. :: $3^2 = 9$ 30 30 2000 $\overline{\smash{\big)}36000}(18$ 2 $\overline{\smash{\big)}900}$ 450(21.2+ in. Ans. 4

23.

18(4.24+ in. Ans. 16 92)200 41 150 41 422 1900 41 422 1900 844

164 844)3600 3376

22.

		24.			
60	80	70	90		• .
60	80	70	90	_	
3600	$\overline{6400}$	4900	8100	•	
6400		6400			
10000(10	00	11300(10 1	6.30 +	8100 4900	
200)0000	20	6)1300		13000(11	4.01+
,		1236		1	
	2	123)6400	2	1)30	
8100		6369		2 1	
3600		21260)310	ō 29	24)900	
11700(10	08.16+	•		896	
1	•		29	2801)4000	
208)1700				2280	1
1664		1	00.		
2161)3600		' 1	06.30 +		
2161			14.01 +		
21626) 1439]	08.16 +		
1297	56	4	128.47 +	Ans.	

Section 49. (p. 158.)

EXTRACTION OF THE CUBE ROOT.

99	KEY TO	[Szcr. 49.
	8.	
185193(57		$5 \times 5 \times 300 = 7500$
125		$5\times30=150$
7650)60193		7650
52500		7500 7 50500
7350	•	$7500 \times 7 = 52500$ $150 \times 7 \times 7 = 7350$
343		$7 \times 7 \times 7 = 343$
60193		60193
		00133
	4.	
8062 i 56 8 (432	•	$4 \times 4 \times 300 = 4800$
64		$4 \times 30 = 120$
4920)16621		4920
14400		4000 0 . 14400
1080		$4800 \times 3 = 14400$ $120 \times 3 \times 3 = 1080$
27		$3 \times 3 \times 3 = 1080$ $3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27$
15507		$\frac{5}{15507}$
555990)1114568	•	15007
1109400	43	$\times 43 \times 300 = 554700$
5160	20	$43 \times 30 = 1290$
8		555990
1114568		333223
		$554700 \times 2 = 1109400$
	12	$90 \times 2 \times 2 = 5160$
•	•	$2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$
•	5.	1114568
176558481(561		$5\times5\times300=7500$
125		$5\times30=150$
7650)51558	•	7650
45000		•
5400		$7500 \times 6 = 45000$
216		$150 \times 6 \times 6 = 5400$
50616		$6 \times 6 \times 6 = 216$
942480)942481		50616
940800	K A	$\times 56 \times 300 = 940800$
1600	90	X 00 X 000 == 8-10000

1680

942481

 $\begin{array}{c} 56 \times 56 \times 300 = 940800 \\ 56 \times 30 = 1680 \end{array}$

OSASABO

Smer. 49.] GREENLE	AFS INTRODUCTION. 91
5.	(Continued.) $ 940800 \times 1 = 940800 $ $ 1680 \times 1 \times 1 = 1680 $ $ 1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1 $ $ 942481 $ 6.
257259456(636 216 1 098 0) <u>41259</u>	$6 \times 6 \times 300 = 10800$ $6 \times 30 = 180$ 10980
32400 1620 27 34047	$ \begin{array}{c} 10800 \times 3 = 32400 \\ 180 \times 3 \times 3 = 1620 \\ 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 27 \\ \hline 34047 \end{array} $
1192590)7212456 7144200 68040 216	$63 \times 63 \times 300 = 1190700$ $63 \times 30 = 1890$ 1192590
7212456	$ \begin{array}{r} 1190700 \times 6 = 7144200 \\ 1890 \times 6 \times 6 = 68040 \\ 6 \times 6 \times 6 = 216 \\ \hline 7212456 \end{array} $

7. 1860867(123

1 830)860 600 120 8 728

48560)132867 129600 3240

> 27 132867

 $12\times12\times300=43200$ $12 \times 30 = 360$

43560 $43200 \times 3 = 129600$ 3240 $\mathcal{Z}\mathcal{I}$

 $1 \times 1 \times 300 = 300$

 $1 \times 30 = 30$

 $300 \times 2 = 600$

 $30 \times 2 \times 2 = 120$

 $2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$

330

728

360 × 3 × 3 = 3 × 3 × 3 =

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1	3. .
1879080904(1234	$1 \times 1 \times 300 = 300$
1	$1 \times 30 = 30$
330)879	330
600	$300 \times 2 = 600$
120	$30 \times 2 \times 2 = 120$
8	$2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$
728	$\frac{728}{728}$
43560)151080	
	$12 \times 12 \times 300 = 43200 \\ 12 \times 30 = 360$
129600 3240	
3240 27	$\overline{43560}$
132567	$43200 \times 3 = 129600$
	$360 \times 3 \times 3 = 3240$
4542390) 18213904	$3 \times 3 \times 3 = $ 27
18154800	132867
59040	$123 \times 123 \times 300 = 4538700$
64	$123 \times 30 = 3690$
18213904	4542390
•	$4538700 \times 4 = 18154800$
•	$3690 \times 4 \times 4 = 59040$
	$4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64$
	18213904
•	9.
41673648.563(346.7	$3 \times 3 \times 300 = 2700$
41073048.503(340.7 27	$3 \times 3 \times 300 = 2700$ $3 \times 30 = 90$
2790) 1467 3	2790
10800	
1440	$2700 \times 4 = 10800$
. 64	$\begin{array}{ccc} 90 \times 4 \times 4 = & 1440 \\ 4 \times 4 \times 4 = & 64 \end{array}$
12304	$\begin{array}{c} 4 \times 4 \times 4 = 04 \\ \hline 12304 \end{array}$
347820)2369648	
<u></u>	$34 \times 34 \times 300 = 346800$
2080800 36720	$34 \times 30 = 1020$
30720 216	347820
2117736	$346800 \times 6 = 2080800$
	$1020 \times 6 \times 6 = 36720$
251912563	$extit{g} imes extit{g} imes exti$
(Carried up.)	21177 36

9. (Continued.)

(Brought up.) $346 \times 346 \times 300 = 35914800$ $346 \times 30 = 10380$ $346 \times 30 = 10380$ 35925180 35925180 35925180 35925180 35925180 $35914800 \times 7 = 251403600$ $10380 \times 7 \times 7 = 508620$ $7 \times 7 \times 7 = 343$ 251912563

10.

11.

$$\begin{array}{c} 8.14\dot{4}86572\dot{8}(2.012) & 20\times20\times300 = 120000 \\ 8 & 20\times30 = 600 \\ \hline 120600)\overline{144865} & 120600 \\ \hline 120000 & 120000 \times 1 = 120000 \\ 600 & 600\times1\times1 = 600 \\ \hline 120601 & 1\times1\times1 = 1 \\ \hline 120601 & 120601 \\ \hline 24126330)\underline{24264728} & 201\times201\times300 = 12120300 \\ 8 & 24120 & 201\times30 = 6030 \\ \hline 8 & 24264728 & 12120300\times2 = 24240600 \\ 6030\times2\times2 = 24120 \\ 2\times2\times2\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times30 = 6030 \\ \hline 12126330 & 12126330 \\ \hline 12126330 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 24240600 \\ 6030\times2\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 24264728 & 201\times201\times201 \\ \hline 12120300\times2 = 8 \\ \hline 12120300$$

12.

$$^{8}\sqrt{\frac{728}{4096}} = 729(9)$$
 $^{4}096(16)$
 $^{3}1800$
 $^{1}1800$
 $^{1}080$
 $^{2}16$
 $^{3}096$

13.

$$^{3}\sqrt{49}_{27}^{8} = ^{3}\sqrt{\frac{1331}{27}}$$
 $^{1}\frac{1331}{1}$
 $^{1}\frac{27}{300}$
 300
 30
 30

331

128375

ft. cor.

1)8(8 cords, Ans.

 $1^3:2^3=8::1$

20.

$$80^{3} = 27000 : 40^{3} = 64000 :: 1000 1000 27000 $\overline{)64000000}(2370.31b. \text{ Ans.}$$$

21. $6^{3} = 2^{16} : 12^{3} = 1728 :: 16$ 16 10368 1728 216)27648(1280z. Ans. 216 604 432 1728 1728 1728

Section 50. (p. 163.)

GEOMETRICAL PROBLEMS.

- 1. $25 \times 3 = 75$ feet, Ans.
- **2.** $37 \times 27 = 999$ ft.; $40 \times 20 = 800$ ft.; 999 800 = 199ft. Ans.
- 8. $15 \times 12 = 180$ feet, Ans.
- 4. $24 \times 18 = 432$; $432 \div 2 = 216$ feet, Ans.
- - 20 = 2160000; $\sqrt{2160000} = 1469.69 + \text{rods}$, Ans.
- 6. $3.141592 \times 50 = 157.0796 + \text{feet}$, Ans.
- 7. $.886227 \times 40 = 35.44 + \text{rods}$, Ans.
- 8. $.707016 \times 50 = 35.35 + \text{feet}$, Ans.

- **9.** $.785398 \times 200 \times 200 = 31415.92 + \text{feet}$, Ans.
- $0.31831 \times 80 = 25.46 + \text{miles}$, Ans.
- 11. $.282094 \times 100 = 28.20 + \text{rods}$, Ans.
- $2...2756646 \times 1000 = 275.66 + \text{ feet, Ans.}$
- **8.** $.225079 \times 100 = 22.5 + \text{rods square}$, Ans.
- 4. $8 \times 8 \times 8 = 512$ feet, Ans.
- 15. $30 \times 20 \times 10 = 6000$ cubic feet. 30 + 20 = 50;
- $50 \times 2 = 100$; $100 \times 10 = 1000$; $30 \times 20 \times 2 =$
- 1200; 1000 + 1200 = 2200 square feet. 6000 2200
- = 3800 difference, Ans.
- **16.** 5+4+3=12; $12 \div 2=6$; 6-5=1; 6-4
- =2; 6-3=3; $6\times1\times2\times3=36$; $\sqrt{36}=6$;
- $6 \times 20 = 120$ feet, Ans.
- 17. $.785398 \times 5 \times 5 \times 30 = 589.0485$; $589.0485 \div 3 = 196.34 + feet$, Ans.
- **18.** $693 \times 693 = 480249$; $480249 \times 500 = 240124500$;
- $240124500 \div 3 = 80041500$ cubic feet. $80041500 \div 8 = 10005187.5$; $10005187.5 \div 5280 = 1894.9 + miles$, Ans.
- 19. $50 \times 12 = 600$; $600 \div 2 = 300$ feet, Ans.
- **20.** 80 \times 15 = 450; 30 15 = 15; 15 \times 15 = 225; 225 \div 3 = 75; 450 + 75 = 525; 525 \times 220 = 115500 cubic feet, Ans.
- **21.** $12 \times 6 = 72$; $6 \times 6 = 36$; $36 \div 3 = 12$; 72 + 12 = 84; $84 \times .785398 \times 20 = 1319.46864$; $1319.46864 \div 144 = 9.162 + \text{feet}$, Ans.
- **22.** $20 \times 20 \times 20 \times .5236 = 4188.8 + inches, Ans.$
- 23. $3.141592 \times 20 \times 20 = 1256.6 + inches$, Ans.
- **24.** $10 \times 3 = 30$; $3 \times 2 = 6$; 30 6 = 24; $3 \times 3 = 9$; $24 \times 9 = 216$; $216 \times .5236 = 113.0976$ feet, Ans.
- **25.** $10 \times 10 = 100$; $100 \times 3 = 300$; $8 \times 8 = 64$; 300 + 64 = 364; $364 \times 8 = 2912$; $2912 \times .5236 = 1524.7232$ in. Ans.

- **26.** $10 \times 10 = 100$; 100 + 3 = 33.333333; $\sqrt{33.333333} = 5.773 + inches, side of a cube, Ans.$
- **27.** $8 \times 12 = 96$; $4 \times 12 = 48$; $3 \times 12 = 36$; $96 \times 48 \times 36 = 165888$; 165888 + 231 = 718.1 + gallons, Ans.
- 28. $12 \times 12 = 144$; $5 \times 12 = 60$; $4 \times 12 = 48$; $144 \times 60 \times 48 = 414720$; 414720 + 2150.42 = 192.8 +bushels, Ans.
- **29.** 30 24 = 6; $6 \times .7 = 4.2$; 24 + 4.2 = 28.2; $28.2 \times 28.2 \times 40 = 3180.96$; $3180.96 \div 294 = 108.1 +$ gallons, Ans.
- **80.** $60 \div 4 = 15$; $15 \times 15 = 225$; $225 \times 40 = 9000$; $9000 \div 144 = 62\frac{1}{2}$ feet, Ans

Section 51. (p. 165.)

MISCELLANEOUS QUESTIONS.

- 1. 100cts.: 10cts.:: 72d.: $7\frac{1}{5}$ d.; $7\frac{1}{5}$ $7 = \frac{1}{5}$ d. Ans.
 - 2. $7\frac{1}{2} = 7\frac{1}{4}$; $7\frac{1}{4} = 7\frac{3}{4}$ Ans.
 - **8.** $4\frac{1}{4} = 4\frac{7}{28}$; $3\frac{2}{7} = 3\frac{8}{28}$; $4\frac{7}{28} + 3\frac{8}{28} = 7\frac{15}{28}$ Ans.
 - 4. $5\frac{3}{7} \times 5 = 27\frac{1}{7}$; $27\frac{1}{7} 3\frac{2}{7} = 23\frac{5}{7}$ Ans.
 - 5. $\frac{1}{17}$ m. = $\frac{1}{17} \times \frac{9}{1} = \frac{99}{14} = 5\frac{1}{17}$ fur.; $\frac{1}{17}$ fur. = $\frac{1}{17} \times \frac{49}{12} = 3\frac{1}{17}$ rods; $\frac{1}{17}$ rd. = $\frac{1}{17} \times \frac{32}{2} = \frac{23}{22} = 10\frac{1}{2}$ ft.; $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{12}{2} = \frac{12}{2} = 6$ in.; $\frac{1}{3}$ fur. = $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{49}{12} = \frac{289}{12} = 31\frac{1}{3}$ rd.; $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{32}{3} = \frac{28}{12} = 1\frac{1}{12}$ ft.; $\frac{1}{12}$ ft. = $\frac{1}{12}$ ft.

6. $\frac{8}{11}$ R. = $\frac{8}{11}$ × $\frac{40}{1}$ = $\frac{360}{11}$ = $32\frac{8}{11}$ p. ; $\frac{8}{11}$ p. = $\frac{8}{11}$ × $\frac{272\frac{1}{2}}{11}$ = $\frac{2178}{11}$ = 198 feet.

7. 7: 12:: $\frac{3}{5}$: $\frac{3}{63} = \frac{3}{21}h$. time Swift will travel the distance.

5: 12:: $\frac{7}{1}$: $\frac{34}{5}$ h. = time Slow will travel the distance.

 $\frac{32}{21} - \frac{84}{55} = \frac{4}{1155} h.$; $\frac{4}{1155} \times \frac{60}{1} \times \frac{60}{1155} = \frac{14400}{1155} = 123$ sec. Ans.

- 8. $\frac{1}{8}$ T. = $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{20}{1} = \frac{100}{8}$ cwt.; $\frac{1}{8}$ 0cwt.: $\frac{1}{1}$ cwt.:: \$49 = $\frac{1}{100} \times \frac{1}{1} \times \frac{49}{1} = \frac{3.92}{100}$ Ans.
- 9. $8 \times 4 \times 2 = 64$; $1728 \div 64 = 27$, number of bricks in a cubic foot; $40 \times 20 \times 2 = 1600$, cubic feet in the wall; $1600 \times 27 = 43200$ bricks, Ans.
- 10. 80 + 40 = 120; $120 \times 2 = 240$ feet round the house. From this sum we deduct 4 feet for the corners. 240 4 = 236; $236 \times 25 \times 27 = 159390$ bricks, Ans.
- 11. $18 \times 12 \times 144 = 31104$, number of square inches in the floor; $8 \times 8 = 64$, square inches in a tile; $31104 \div 64 = 486$ tiles, Ans.
- 12. 11cwt. 3qr. 19lb. = 1335lb.; 83cwt. 2qr. 11lb. = 9363lb.

 $9363 \times 96 \times 18.25 = 16403976.00$; $1335 \times 46 = 61410$; $16403976 \div 61410 = $267.12\frac{456}{2047}$ Ans.

- 13. \$100 \$25 = \$75; \$75: \$100:: \$24:\$32, value of the cloth; \$34 \$32 = \$2; \$32:\$2:: \$100: \$64 Ans.
- 14. 120 20 = 100 gal. remaining; \$30 + \$10 = \$40

= price to be obtained; 100gal.: 1gal.:: \$40: \$0.40 Ans.

- 15. $117\frac{3}{7} = \frac{87^2}{2}$; $112\frac{2}{9} = \frac{1010}{9}$; $\frac{87^2}{7} \times \frac{1010}{9} = \frac{830220}{9}$ = $13178\frac{2}{11}$ rods = 82A. 1R. 18p. 2yd. 7ft. 133\frac{2}{7}in. Ans.
- **16.** \$128.25 \times \$1.03 = \$132.0975; \$132.0975 \times \$1.06 = \$140.02+ Ans.
- 17. 27bu.: 36bu.:: \$8.75: \$11.66+ Ans.
- 18. $\$1.25 \times 93 = 116.25$; $\$116.25 \div \$0.50 = 232\frac{1}{2}$ bushels, Ans.
- 19. $\$1.25 \times 75 = \93.75 ; $\$93.75 \div \$1.30 = 72\frac{3}{25}$ bushels, Ans.
- **20.** $\frac{1}{3}$ of 24h. = 8h.; $\frac{1}{4}$ of 24h. = 6h.; 8+6+2+6 = 22 hours; 24h. 22h. = 2h. Ans.
- 21. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 24h. = 6h.; $\frac{1}{5}$ of 24h. $\stackrel{.}{=}$ 4 $\frac{1}{5}$ h.; $\frac{1}{6}$ of 24h. = 4h.; $\frac{1}{7}$ of 24h. = $3\frac{3}{7}$ h.; $\frac{1}{6}$ + $4\frac{1}{5}$ + 4 + $3\frac{3}{7}$ + 2 = $20\frac{3}{3}\frac{5}{5}$ h.; 24h. $-20\frac{3}{3}\frac{5}{5}$ h. = $3\frac{2}{3}\frac{7}{5}$ h. Ans.
- **22.** $7\frac{2}{5} = \frac{36}{5}$; $5\frac{4}{5} = \frac{49}{9}$; $\frac{38}{5} \times \frac{49}{9} = \frac{1862}{452}$; 160rd.: $\frac{1862}{452} : : \$ 25.75$; $\frac{160}{160} \times \frac{1862}{452} \times \frac{25.75}{25.75} = \frac{47.9\frac{4}{2}\frac{6}{50}50}{47.9\frac{4}{2}\frac{6}{50}} = \$ 6.65\frac{132}{452}$ Ans.

24. 5% feet : 4 feet :: 150 feet : 107% feet, Ans.

25. 100: \$150::6m.:9m. Ans.

26. \$1.20 \times 150 = \$180.00 = sum paid by the polls; \$6045.50 - \$180.00 = \$5865.50 to be paid on valuation; \$293275 : \$5865.50 :: \$1.00 : \$0.02 on a dollar; \$1.00 : \$0.02 :: \$3675 : \$73.50; \$1.20 \times 4 = \$4.80; \$4.80 + \$73.50 = 78.30 Ans.

```
27. 2cwt. 3qr. 11lb. = 319lb.; 319 \times 97 = 30943lb.; £ 3. 17s. 9d. = 933d.; 112lb.: 30943lb.:: 933d.: 257766<sub>112</sub>d.; 257766<sub>112</sub>d. = £ 1074. 0s. 6<sub>112</sub>d. Ans.
```

\$97.87 .163 29361 58722 9787 15.95281 9 6) 143.57529 \$23.92921 Ans.

80

Principal on interest from March 1, 1836 \$1728.00 Interest from March 1, 1836, to January 1, 1837, 10 months 86.40

Amount 1814.40

First payment, Sept. 25, 1836, a sum less than the interest \$5 0.0 0
Second payment, Jan. 1, 1837, a sum greater than the interest 6 0.0 0

60.00

(Carried up.) $\frac{110.00}{1704.40}$

New principal carrying interest from Jan. 1, 1837	1704.40
Interest from Jan. I, 1837, to Jan. 1, 1839, 2 years	204.52
Amount	19,08.92
Third payment, June 7, 1837, a sum less than the interest \$8.0 C	•
Fourth payment, Dec. 25, 1837, a sum less than the interest 10.00	
Fifth payment, March 6, 1838, a sum less than the interest 5.00	
Sixth payment, Sept. 1, 1838, a sum	
less than the interest 9.00	
Seventh payment, Jan. 1, 1839, a	
sum larger than the interest 300.00	
	3 3 2.0 0
New principal carrying interest from Jan. 1, 1839	1576.92
Interest from Jan. 1, 1839, to July 4, 1839,	
6 months 3 days	48.09
Amount	1625.01
Eighth payment, July 4, 1839, a sum greater than the interest	100.00
New principal carrying interest from July 4, 1839	1525.01
Interest from July 4, 1839, to Jan. 25, 1841,	
18 months 21 days	142.58
Amount	1667.59
Ninth payment, Sept. 6, 1840, a sum	
less than the interest \$14.00	
Tenth payment, Jan. 25, 1841, a sum greater than the interest 5 0 0.0 0	
	5 1 4.0 0
New principal coerving interest from In- 05	
New principal carrying interest from Jan. 25, 1841 Interest from Jan. 25, 1841, to March 9,	1 1 5 3.5 9
1842, 13 months 16 days	77.67
(Carried up.) Amount	1231.26

Eleventh payment, Dec. 11, 1841, a	01231.26
sum less than the interest \$15.0)
Twelfth payment, March 9, 1842, a	
sum greater than the interest 200.0	0 -
	2 1 5.0 0
New principal carrying interest from Marc	h
9, 1842	1016.26
Interest from March 9, 1842, to Nov. 29	•
1842, 10 months 20 days	4 4.0 3
Balance due Nov. 29, 1836	\$1060.29

31.

Principal bearing interest from Oct. 29, 1836 \$ 1 Compound interest on \$ 1000 from Oct. 29,	0 0.0 0
1836, to Oct. 29, 1842, 6 years	4 1 8.5 1
	418.51
First payment, Jan. 1, 1837 \$125.00	
Compound interest from Jan. 1, 1837,	
to Oct. 29, 1842, 5y. 9m. 28da. 50.58	
Second payment, June 5, 1837 3 1 6.0 0	
Compound interest from June 5, 1837,	
to Oct. 29, 1842, 5y. 4m. 24da. 117.02	
Third payment, Sept. 25, 1837 4 1 7.00	
Compound interest from Sept. 25,	
1837, to Oct. 29, 1842, 5y. 1m. 4da. 1 4 4.2 0	
Fourth payment, April 1, 1838 100.00	
Compound interest from April 1,	*
1838, to Oct. 29, 1842, 4y. 6m. 28da. 3 0.6 2	
	•
Compound interest from July 5, 1838,	
to Oct. 29, 1842, 4y. 3m. 24da. 1 4.3 0	
Amount of indorsements #1	364.79
Balance due Oct. 29, 1842	\$ 5 3.7 9

32. $100 \times 80 = 8000$ square feet in the garden; 100 + 80 = 180; $180 \times 2 = 360$ ft. To this we add 4 feet for

each corner = 16 feet; 360 + 16 = 376 = length of the ditch; $376 \times 4 = 1504 \text{ft.}$ superficial contents of the ditch; $8000 \div 1504 = 5\frac{1}{2}\frac{9}{3}$ feet, depth of the ditch, Ans. 33. $15\frac{1}{2} \times 12 = 186 \text{in.}$; $11\frac{1}{4} \times 12 = 135 \text{in.}$; $7\frac{3}{4} \times 12 = 93 \text{in.}$; 186 + 135 = 321; $321 \times 2 = 642$; $642 \times 93 = 59706$ square inches; $59706 \div 30 = 1990\frac{1}{6}$; $1990\frac{1}{6} \div 36 = 55\frac{1}{6}\frac{1}{6}\text{yds.}$ Ans.

34. $15\frac{1}{2} + 11\frac{1}{4} = 26\frac{3}{3}$; $26\frac{3}{2} \times 2 = 53\frac{1}{2} = \frac{19^{7}}{2}$; $7\frac{3}{4} = \frac{31}{4}$; $1\frac{10^{7}}{2} \times \frac{31}{4} = \frac{3317}{8}$; $15\frac{1}{2} = \frac{31}{2}$; $11\frac{1}{4} = \frac{45}{4}$; $\frac{45}{4} \times \frac{31}{4} = \frac{1388}{2}$; $\frac{3317}{4} + \frac{1388}{8} = \frac{4712}{4} = 589$ square feet; $589 \div 9 = 65\frac{4}{3}$ square yards; $65\frac{4}{3} \times 10 = \frac{3}{3}6.54\frac{4}{3}$ Ans. 35. $40 \times 40 = 1600$; $1600 \div 3 = 533.33\frac{1}{3}$; $\checkmark 533.33\frac{1}{3} = 23.09401$; $533.33\frac{1}{3} \times 23.09401 = 12316.8 + \text{Ans.}$ 36. $32 : 4 : 18.5^3 : 791.453125 : \frac{3}{4} \times 791.453125 = 9.25$

86. $32:4::18.5^3:791.453125$; $\sqrt[3]{791.453125} = 9.25$ = $9\frac{1}{4}$ inches wide; $32:4::8^3:64$; $\sqrt[3]{64} = 4$ inches deep, Ans.

37. As $\frac{1}{3}$ of the estate was given to the wife, $\frac{2}{3}$ of the estate will remain. The eldest son has $\frac{1}{4}$ of the $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$. The wife and son will therefore have $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$ of the estate. The daughter is to have $\frac{1}{6}$ of the residue, that is, $\frac{1}{6}$ of $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{12}$. Therefore the wife, son, and daughter will have $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, and $\frac{1}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$; and $\frac{1}{12} = \frac{7}{12} = \frac{5}{12}$ will remain to be divided among the other heirs. But if $\frac{1}{12}$, the daughter's portion, is \$151.33 $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{5}{12}$, the residue, will be 5 times as much, that is, 5 times \$151.33 $\frac{1}{3} = $756.66\frac{2}{3}$ Ans.

OPERATION.

$\frac{1}{12}$: $\frac{1}{12}$: \$ 151.33 $\frac{1}{3}$: \$ 756.66 $\frac{2}{3}$ Ans.

38. If the son receives $\frac{1}{4}$, there will remain $\frac{4}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$; and $\frac{1}{5}$ of $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{20}$ will be the daughter's portion. The son and daughter will receive $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{20} = \frac{3}{20} = \frac{3}{6}$ of the estate; there will therefore remain $\frac{5}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$ for the wife; and the son will receive $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{3}{20} = \frac{1}{10}$ more than the daugh-

ter; therefore, $\frac{1}{10}: \frac{3}{5}:: \$100: \$600$ wife's portion, Ans.

39. \$ 1250 - 8500 = 750, which was $\frac{3}{4}$ of his capital. He therefore lost $750 \div 3 = 250$ Ans.

40. $\frac{1}{7}$ of $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{63}$; $\frac{1}{7} - \frac{1}{63} = \frac{8}{63}$ Ans.

41. \$112.50 : \$100 :: \$50 : \$44.44\frac{1}{4} Ans.

42. 17cwt. 3qr. 18lb. = 2006lb.; $2006 \times 7\frac{1}{2} = 15045d.$; 15045d. = £63, 13s. 9d. = \$208.95\frac{1}{2} Ans.

43. \$5.00 : \$17.50 :: 7 yd. : 21 yd. Ans.

44. 17rd. 10ft. = 290½ft.; $8\frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$ th.; therefore, $\frac{7}{17}$ h.: 44h.:: 290½ft.: 6208½ft. = 1m. 928½ft. Ans.

45. \$11.75 : \$100 :: 24A. : 19A. 1R. 32154p. Ans.

46. \$128—\$70=\$58; \$58:\$70::\$1000:1206.89\}
Ans.

47. \$1.218\frac{1}{3}: \$1.00:: \$1000: \$820.79\frac{25}{3}\frac{1}{3} Ans.

48. \$97.57 - \$88 = \$9.57.

*\$88 : \$100 18m. : 12m. } :: \$9.57

$$\frac{$9.57 \times 1000 \times 12}{18 \times 88} = \frac{11484}{1584} = 7\frac{1}{4} \text{ per. cent. Ans.}$$

49. \$gal. : 7½gal. :: \$87=\frac{3}{5}:\frac{37}{1}::\frac{57}{1}=\frac{5}{5}\times\frac{27}{1}\times\frac{27}{1}=\frac{5}{1}\t

50. 183yd. : 5yd. :: $$71 = \frac{1}{2}$ 9 : $\frac{5}{1}$:: $\frac{7}{1} = \frac{7}{12}$ 8 $\times \frac{5}{1}$ $\times \frac{5}{1}$ $\times \frac{7}{1}$ = $\frac{7}{12}$ 8 : $\frac{7}{1}$ 9 $\times \frac{5}{1}$ 9 \times

51. 18 tons, 17cwt. 3qr. = 42308lb.; 112lb. : 42308lb. :: \$9.50 : \$3588\frac{1}{5}; \$4.00 : \$3588\frac{1}{5} :: 1yd. : 897\frac{1}{32}yd. Ans.

52. 1bu.: 98bu.:: \$0.45: \$44.10; \$1.25: \$44.10:: 1bu.: 35₂₅bu. Ans.

• 53. 86 tons, 18cwt. 3qr. 20lb. = 194760lb.; 2240lb.: 194760lb.:: \$8.50: \$739.04½3.

\$ 37.50 : \$ 7 3 9.0
$$4\frac{1}{2}\frac{3}{3}$$
 :: 1A.

3 7.50) 7 3 9.0 $4\frac{1}{2}\frac{3}{3}$ (19A. 2R. 33 $\frac{9}{35}$ p. Ans.

3 7 5 0

3 6 4 0 4

3 3 7 5 0

2 6 5 $4\frac{1}{2}\frac{3}{3}$

4

3 7.50) 1 0 6 1 7 \$ (2R.

7 5 0 0

3 1 1 7 \$
40

3 7.50) 1 2 4 7 1 4 \$ (3 3 $\frac{9}{35}$ p.

1 1 2 5 0

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- 54. By the question, we find $\frac{1}{7}$ of the time passed from noon equal to $\frac{1}{11}$ of the time to midnight. We reduce these fractions to a common denominator, $\frac{1}{7}$ and $\frac{1}{11} = \frac{1}{7}$ and $\frac{1}{7}$. When fractions are reduced to a common denominator, their value is as their numerators. Therefore 11 will represent the time past from noon, and 7 the time to midnight, and 11+7=18 will represent 12 hours; therefore 7:18:19. 4h. 40min. time from noon, Ans.
- 55. $200 \times 4 \times 40 \times 272\frac{1}{4} \times 20 = 174,240,000$ feet, Ans. 56. $20000 \times 4 \times 40 \times 272\frac{1}{4} \times 144 \times 3 = 376358400000$ cubic inches; $376358400000 \div 282 = 1334604255\frac{4}{14}$ gallons; $1334604255\frac{4}{14}$ $\div 100 = 13346042hhd$. 55gal.; $\frac{44}{14}$ gal. = 1qt. 0pt. $2\frac{1}{2}$ gi. Ans.

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SECT. 51.] GREENLEAF'S INTRODUCTION.
```

NOTE. To perform this question we are obliged to add 12 hours to the minuend, and it brings the time to the evening of the previous day.

NOTE. The answer to this question in some editions of the Arithmetic is incorrect.

60.
$$3000 \times 5280 = 15840900$$
; $15840000 \div 1142 = 13870 + \text{seconds}$; $13870 \div 60 = 231 \text{m}$. 10sec. ; $231 \div 60 = 3 \text{h}$. 51m .; 3h . 51m . $10 + \text{sec}$. Ans.

61. $1142 \times 10 = 11420$; $11420 \div 5280 = 2$ m. 860ft. Ans.

62. $2^3 = 8 : 3^3 = 27 :: \$ 125.00 : \$ 421.87$ Ans.

63. 20 - 15 = 5 : 15 :: 10 : 30 cents, Ans.

64. $12\frac{1}{2} - 10 = 2\frac{1}{2}$; $10 : 2\frac{1}{2} :: 100 : 25$ per cent.; **19** -15 = 4; $15 : 4 :: 100 : 26\frac{2}{3}$ per cent.; $26\frac{2}{3} - 25$

= 13 per cent. which Y. makes more than Q.

65. From Sept. 25 to Jan. 1 are 97 days = 139080 mis

ese and ni-

:. 5L

b.:

D4.

ni-11

to ; ı, utes. From 23 minutes past 3 A. M. to midnight is 201. 33min. = 1233 minutes. From Jan. 1, 1787, to Jan. 1, 1844, are 57 years = $365 \times 57 \times 24 \times 60 = 29959200$ minutes. From Jan. 1, 1844, to July 4, 1844, are 185 days = $185 \times 24 \times 60 = 266400$ min. From Jan. 1, 1787, to Jan. 1, 1844, are 13 leap years; we have, therefore, to add the number of minutes in 13 days, $13 \times 24 \times 60 = 18720$ min. To these we add the minutes from 30 minutes past 5 A. M. to midnight = 1050min.

Note. We have reckoned but 13 leap years from Jan. 1, 1787, to Jan. 1, 1844, because 1800 was not a leap year.

30386283min. Ans.

NOTE. As the moon is east of the star, and is also moving eastward in her orbit, we must add 12 signs to the minuend.

We first reduce the 200 feet in the minuend to yards and feet, $200 \div 9 = 22$ yd. 2 feet.

68. $\frac{1}{9} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{9} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{29}{4}$ Ans. 69. $\frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{100}{9} = \frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{100}{9} =$ 70. \$134.40 - \$120 = \$14.40; \$120 : \$14.40 :: \$100 : \$12 per cent. Ans.

71. \$3600 + \$4200 + \$2200 = \$10000; \$15000 × .15 = \$2250 : \$15000 - \$2250 = \$12750; \$12750 - \$10000 = \$2750; \$10000 : \$2750 :: \$3600 : \$990 Emerson's gain; \$10000 : \$2750 :: \$4200 : \$1155 Bailey's gain; \$10000 : \$2750 :: \$2200 : \$605 Curtis's gain.

72. $3\frac{1}{2}$ in. $\times 2 = 7$ in.; 4ft. 9in. = 57in.; 3ft. 7in. = 43in.; 2ft. 11in. = 35in.; $43 \times 2 = 86$; 43 - 7 = 36; 35 -7 = 28; $86 \times 57 = 4902$; $28 \times 2 = 56$; $56 \times 57 = 3192$; $36 \times 28 \times 2 = 2016$; 4902 + 3192 + 2016 = 10110; $10110 \div 144 = 70\frac{5}{24}$ square feet; 57 - 7 = 50; 43 - 7 = 36; 35 - 7 = 28; $50 \times 36 \times 28 = 50400$; $50400 \div 1728 = 29\frac{1}{6}$ cubic feet, Ans.

73. $64 \times 2 = 128$ ft.; $32 \times 2 = 64$ ft. From 64ft. we subtract four times the thickness of the wall; 1ft. 4in. $\times 4 = 5$ ft. 4in.; 64ft. -5ft. 4in. = 58ft. 8in.; 128ft. +58ft. 8in. = 186ft. 8in. =

n.	in.			ft.	in	. ft.	in,				`
186	8			7	4	2	in. S			3	· 8
	4	•			3	5	8			6	4
746	8			22	Ü	13	4			18	32
•	7			3	8	1	9	4		14	2
3)5226	8			66	0	15	1	4	•	72	64 cubic
1742	2	8		14	8			4		18	(iu a brick.
6968	10	8		80	8	60	5	4		252	
765	11	1	4					4			
6202	11	6	8			241	9	4			
12						80	8				
74435					•	252				•	
12						3)574	5	_			
893226						191	5	9	4		•
12		•				765	11	1	4		

64)10718720(167,480 bricks, Ans.

74. $\frac{1}{8}$ and $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{12}$ and $\frac{3}{12}$; $\frac{4}{12} + \frac{8}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$; $\frac{7}{12}$: $\frac{4}{12}$: \$ 1000 : \$ 571.42\frac{5}{7}\$ Benjamin's share; $\frac{7}{12}$: $\frac{3}{12}$:: \$ 1000 : \$ 428.57\frac{1}{7}\$ Samuel's share.

75. As Bailey occupied the whole house the first three months, he must pay $\frac{1}{3}$ of $\frac{3}{4}$ 100 = $33\frac{1}{3}$. As he occupied half of the next 3 months he must pay half of $\frac{3}{4}$ 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ = \$16 $\frac{3}{4}$, and Bricket must pay the same sum, \$16 $\frac{3}{4}$. For the last 3 months each must pay $\frac{1}{3}$ of \$33 $\frac{1}{3}$ = \$11 $\frac{1}{3}$. \$33 $\frac{1}{3}$ + \$16 $\frac{3}{4}$ + \$11 $\frac{1}{3}$ = \$61 $\frac{1}{3}$ Bailey's share of rent; \$16 $\frac{3}{4}$ + \$11 $\frac{1}{3}$ = \$27 $\frac{7}{3}$ Bricket's share; \$11 $\frac{1}{3}$ = \$11 $\frac{1}{3}$ Dana's share.

NOTE. In some editions of the Arithmetic wrong names are applied to the answers.

```
77. 40 + 2 = 20; 20 \times 20 = 400; 400 \times 2 = 800; 12 \times 12 = 144; 800 + 144 = 944; \checkmark 944 = 30.72 + feet, Ans.
```

78. \$100 — \$12 = \$88; \$88: \$100:; \$4.40: \$5.00; \$100: \$110:: \$5.00: \$5.50 Ans.

79. \$110: \$100:: \$5,50: \$5.00; \$100: \$88:: \$5.00: \$4.40 Ans.

80. $\frac{110}{100} - \frac{88}{100} = \frac{22}{100}$; $\frac{88}{100} : \frac{22}{100} : \$100 : \$25$ per cent. Ans.

81.

	Abigail, Nancy, Betsey, Abigail,	\$ 19,000 19,200
Jane	Betsey, Abigail, Nancy,	20,000
Emily,	Betsey, Abigail, Nancy,	20,500
Emily, Jane,	Betsey, Nancy,	21,300
		4)\$100,000
	Sum of the fortunes	\$ 25,000
	,	

\$25,000 - \$19,000 = \$6,000 Betsey's fortune. \$25,000 - \$19,200 = \$5,800 Nancy's fortune.

25,000 - 20,000 = 5,000 Emily's fortune.

25,000 - 20,500 = 4,500 Jane's fortune. 25,000 - 21,300 = 3,700 Abigail's fortune.

NOTE. The two following questions were inserted in the first edition of the Arithmetic (published in 1842), but as they are not practical, and. their operation too difficult for pupils generally, they have been omitted in subsequent editions; yet, as many copies of the first edition are still used in some schools, we have considered it best to insert their operation in the

82. Can the numbers from 1 to 100 be so arranged in a square form, that, if the numbers in either column be added perpendicularly, horizontally, or obliquely, their sum shall be 505?

OPERATION.

11	92	12	88	14	15	16	84	83	90
100	82	26	27	67	35	59	58	50	1
99	19	75	74	33	66	42	43	51	3
2	20	76	73	34	36	60	57	49	98
4	81	25	28	68	65	41	44	52	97
		77							
5	80	24	29	69	64	40	45	53	96
		23							
93	22	78	71	31	63	39	46	54	8
91	9	89	13	87	86	85	17	18	(10

83. If a loaf of bread be 12 inches broad, and 6 inches high, that is, if it be half a sphere 12 inches in diameter, how thick must be the crust at top and bottom, that it may be half of the substance of the loaf?

Let z represent the thickness of the crust. Then $\sqrt{36-12}z = \text{semi-base}$ of the loaf; $(6\times6\times3+6\times6)$ 6 \times .5236 = 452.3904 contents of the large loaf. By dividing the larger loaf by 2 we have the contents of the smaller loaf = 226.1952.

$$((36-12x)^3+(6-2x)^2)\times(6-2x).5236=226.1952.$$

We divide the equations by .5236 and obtain

$$((36-12x)^3+(6-2x)^2)\times(6-2x)=432.$$

By dividing by 2 we have

$$((36-12x)^3+(6-2x)^2)\times(3-x)=216.$$

By reduction $x^3 - 18x^2 + 81x - 54 = 0$. We first suppose x = .7 or .8. Substituting these supposed values of x we have

$$(.7)^3 - 18(.7)^2 + 81(.7) - 54 = 0.$$

.343 - 8.92 + 56.7 - 54 = -5.777 first error too small.

$$(.8)^3 - 18(.8)^2 + 81(.8) - 54 = 0.$$

.512 - 11.52 + 64.6 - 54 = -0.208 second error too small.

Then 5.5:.1::.2:.003 correction to be added to .8; .8+.003=.803. This value of x we find too small, and we suppose x=.803 or .804.

$$(.803)^3 - 18(.803)^2 + 81(.803) - 54 = 0.$$

.517781627 - 11.606562 + 65.043 - 54 = -0.04578 first error too small.

$$(.804)^3 - 18(.804)^2 + 81(804) - 54 = 0.$$

.519718464 - 11.635488 + 65.124 - 54 = +.00823 secand error too large,

.054:.001::.004:.00007407 correction to be subtracted from .804; .804 — .00007407 = .8039 near the value of x. This value of x we find too large.

Again, suppose x = .80387 or .80386.

 $(.80387)^3 - 18(.80387)^2 + 81(.80387) - 54 = 0.$

519466402520603 - 11.6317255842 + 65.11347 - 54 = +.00121 too large.

 $(.80386)^3 - 18(.80386)^2 + 81(.80386) - 54 = 0.$

.519447016552456 - 11.6314361928 + 65.11266 - 54= +.00067 too large.

.00054:.00001::.00067:.00001 to be subtracted from .80386; .80386 - .00001 = .80385 = x very near.

NOTE. This answer is true to less than the one hundred thousandth part of an inch. Assuming the above to be the thickness of the crust, we find the contents of the loaf to be 226.19465 cubic inches, whereas the exact contents are 226.1952 cubic inches, making a difference of .00055 of a cubic inch.

BY POSITION.

(See page 228 of the National Arithmetic.)

We first suppose the thickness of the crust to be .8 of an inch. Then the semidiameter of the remaining part of the loaf will be 6-.8=5.2; $5.2\times5.2=27.04$; $.8\times8=.64$; 27.04-.64=26.40; $\checkmark26.40=$ semibase. Then, by Rule 19th, page 161, we find the contents of the loaf to be 227.06647 cubic inches, which are .86127 too large, first error. Again, we suppose the thickness of the crust to be .81 of an inch; then, proceeding as above, we find the contents of the remaining loaf to be 224.8060221792 cubic inches, which are 1.38917782 inches too small, second error.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} .8 \times 1.38917782 = 1.111342256 \\ .81 \times .86127 & = .6976287 \\ \hline & 2.25044782 \) \ 1.808970956 \ (.8038 + Ans.) \end{array}$$

KEY

TO

THE SUPPLEMENT.

Section 1, (p. 185.)

ADDITION.

1.	65605		28	. 1000607
2.	21616		24	. 919984
8.	766503		· 25	956195
4.	13814			. 1342
5.	969754		27	79115199
6.	11720		28	. 781461
7.	31622		29	9368
8.	949661		30	. 17181
9.	86578		31	. 77159
10.	539658		32	. 4452369
11.	57372		38	. 188624
12.	848340		84	· 8710
13.	1000779	. 1	85	. 188074
14.	694764		36	87799
15.	156800		37	677
16.	1802790		88	. 103 9
17.	76833457		39	227934
18.	1111110		. 40	63315
19.	9323		. 41	. 2373544
20.	7693486		42	. 931914
21.	3155917		48	. 1873146
22.	2643	'	4.4	L. 8789502
			1	

Section 2. (p. 187.)

SUBTRACTION.

1.	612	. 16.	9998392
2.	288	17.	6097700810072
8.	294	18.	7977100909213
4.	281	19.	7100061569937
5.	274	20.	500710920089
6.	195	21.	1
7.	266	22.	45555556
8.	54564	23.	8753086431
9.	53394	24.	799690466
10.	27778 .	25.	24974975
11.	47778	26.	89901
12.	3174	27.	90909091
13.	471112	28.	999991
.14.	981012	29.	2967
15.	. 1	30.	99995000

Section 3. (p. 188.)

MULTIPLICATION.

1.	321300	13.	153288487686
2.	186045	14.	5583287990667472
· 3.	518077	15.	49062139937803
4.	42435	16.	72103662734481
5.	881919	17.	771300535110987
6.	184775	18.	1021979711071683
7.	9691836	19.	1100289490023168
8.	36056465	20.	8888888711111112
9.	18219071	21.	490154012100000000
10.	24476036	22.	28522743249000
11.	70287492	23,	4179911100000
12.77	7310655940	24.	1000000000001

KEY	TÓ	THE	SUPPLEMENT.	[SECT. 4

116	•	KEY TO	THE	SUPPL	EMENT.	[Sect.
	25.	182922799	57849	1587290	3907060280	344576
	26.	57428	0	34.	7213	361144
	27.	383163	5	35.	37989	979491
	28.	146212	6 .	36.	11718335	352360
	29.	26464005	6	87.	696609000	000000
	30.	9907043	37	38.	9100909	908090
	81.	187762500	0 .	89.	240124250	012401
	32.	82688854	2	40.	4004008004	100400
	33.	29035580	7			

Section 4. (p. 190.)

DIVISION.

	•				
	Quotients.	Remainders.	·	Quotients.	Remainders
1.	576		25.	141093	3
2.	432	•	26.	123456	. 6
-8.	345	3	27.	109739	3
4.	288		28.	98765	4 .
5.	246	. 6	29.	89786	8
6.	216		30.	82304	6
7.	192	•	31.	101986039	4
8.	172	8	32.	97736620	21
9.	157	1	83.	93827156	1
10.	144		84.	90218419	7
11.	41152263	·	35.	86876996	9
12.	30864197	1	36.	83774246	13
13.	24691357	4	37.	80885479	10
14.	20576131	3	38.	71081178	27
15.	17636684	1	39.	67019397	6
16.	15432098	5	40.	63396727	2
17.	13717421	i	41.	83821	66
18.	12345678	9	42.	89336	31
19.	11223344	5	43.	115077	24
20.	10288065	9	44.	69995	52
21.	329218		45.	78948	39
22.	246913	2	46.	157896	39
23.	197530	4	47.	98399	36
24.	164609		48.	· 100013	82

49.	Quotients. 193505	Remainders.	90.	Quotients. 1 15608	lemainders 5
50.	234243	5 .	91.	17635	6
51.	593415	14	92.	20267	12
52.	468486	5	93.	23822	47
53.	97815	74	94.	36700	1
54.	89911	50	95.	28889	18
55.	71884	65	96.	50292	17
56.	183190	11	97.	129594	53
57.	145612	33	98.	525731	. 2
58.	120827	32	99.	587581	14
59.	111351	•	100.	624305	11
60.	298889	10	101.	665926	·i
61.	129065	41	102.	344444	15
62.	25776	62	103.	100897	88
63.	130315	8	104.	144927	36
64.	28958	80	105.	243902	17
65.	33037	51	106.	294117	21
66.	38453	45	107.	156249	63
67.	45993	35	108.	185185	9
68.	-57211	27	109.	119047	51
69.	290720	25 .	110.	106382	91
70.	219813	12	111.	3502319	714
71.	176712	33	112.	4071601	318
72.	147743	22	113.	10836330	297
73.	125171	33	114.	4220744	231
74.	109906	53	115.	26080418	234
75.	91033	78	116.	13271009.	349
76.	68549	*88	117.	9920335	5 99
77.	- 76339	5 8	118.	21474330	174
78.	86126	62	119.	11058232	277
79.	98792	34	120.	8894665	211
80.	115825	40	121.	5762740	761
81.	139956	2	122.	11329128	149
82.	176786	22	123.	8763476	209
83.	240415	5	124.	10015401	309
84.	157513	13	125.	11665193	16
85.	117125	15	126.	5699-219	72
86.	93222	12	127.	86268755	480
87.	77421	51	128.	515169749	186
. 88.	66201	21	129.		28
<i>89.</i>	57821	31	130.	8433971	60511

118	KEY T	O THE SU	PPLE	MENT	. [SECT. &
	Quotients.	Remainders.		Quotients.	Remainders.
131.	1008330074	28	148.	39282	28776856734
132.	62927	2295060	144.	85	44916000000
133.	1099	200210510	145.	9876	54321123
134.	5069	40770700	146.	102	497654325
135.	100096	7554	147.	1	
136.	99903	3955	148.	476	
137.	2222220	2098764	149.	395	
138.	233333335	2222222	150.	763	
139.	112509971488	84412	151.	345	•
140.	88898800	913807	152.	389	
141.	3491706185	306787	158.	1234	
142.	10287295858	673434	154.	6538	1279

Section 5. (p. 192.)

MISCELLANEOUS EXAMPLES.

1. 584 dollars.	12. 37 dollars.
2. 25088 dollars.	13. 47 dollars.
3. 940 cents.	14. 1368 hours.
4. 1530 cents.	15. 5904 ounces.
873 dollars.	16. 56960 acres.
6. 4257 cents.	17. 234 dollars.
7. 2106 miles.	18. 3178 dollars.
8. 61 miles.	19. 81 dollars.
9. 35405 dollars.	20. 1488 cents, gain.
10. 42884 dollars.	21. 576 dollars.
11. 7665 dollars.	22. 20 dollars.

Section 6. (p. 194.)

INTEREST.

			·
1.	2.	3.	4.
\$144	\$850	\$865.7	5 \$960.18
.07	.098	.22	
\$10.08	6800	77917	$\overline{5}$ 6) $\overline{67.2126}$
	7650	173150	1 1.2 0 2 1
	6)83.300	173150	\$ 7 8.4 1,4 7
	13.883	6) 198.2567	
	\$ 9 7.1 8,3	3 3.0 4 2 7	_
•		. \$231.29,95	4
	5. .	6.	7.
\$17	28.1.9	\$ 1 7.9 0	\$ 1165.50
	.2 2 1 3	$.040\frac{2}{3}$.3 1 61
17	2819	71600	699300
	638	1192	116550
3456		6).72792	349650
	5212	12132	<u> 58275</u>
6) 383.0		8 0.8 4,9 2 4	6)368.88075
	4701.	•	61.48012
8 4 4 6.9	2,912		\$ 4 3 0.3 6,0 8 7
•	8.	9.	10.
#12	37.90	\$156.80	\$579.75
	.095 <u>‡</u>	.1804	.0701
	8950	1254400	4058250
1114	-	15680	19325
	1895	7840	6) 4 0.7 7 5 7 5
6) 1 1 8.2	0324	6) 28.30240	6.79595
		4.7 1 7 0 6	8 4 7.5 7,1 7 0
\$137.9	2,269	\$ 3 3.0 1,9 4 6	

160	۱
120	,

(Sect.	(

11.	12.
\$ 7671.09	\$943.11
.160 8	.0095
46026540	848799
767109	78592
639257	6) 9.2 7 3 9 1
6) 1233.76697	1.54565
205.62782	\$10.81,956
\$ 1 4 3 9.3 9,4 7 9	VIU.01,000
• •	
. 13.	14.
\$975.06	\$1371.15
.156}	
585036	137115
187530 ·	137115
97506	274230
48753	91410
$\overline{152.59689}$	290.22675
81	1 14
122077512	319249425
3814922	7255668
6) 1258.92434	6) 3 2 6 5.0 5 0 9 3
\$ 209.82,072	\$544.17,515
•	.•
15.	16.
\$ 871.75	. \$976.25
.1 1 63	.186
$\overline{523050}$	585750
87175	781000
87175	97625
43587	81354
$1\overline{01.55887}$	182.39604
8 <u>‡</u>	1,21
81247096	218875248
2538971	9119802
6)837.86067	6)2279.95050
\$139.64,344	37999175
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	97625
	1356,24,175
	4 200 000 212 10
	•

17.	18.	19.
\$ 1000	8 765	\$979.15
.1995	.165	.1902
9000	$\overline{3825}$	8812350
9000	4590	97915
1000	765	65276
833	6) 126.225	186.69126
199.833	\$21.03,7	21
51	•	37338252
999165		9334563
99916	4	6) 466.72815
6) 1 0 9 9.0 8 1		\$77.78,802
183.180		•
1000		
\$ 1183.18		
20.	21.	22.
y. mo. da.	y. mo. da.	y. mo. đa.
1843 2 9	1843 8 25	1844 8 9
1843 29 $1841 5 7$		1844 8 9 1843 11 11
1843 2 9	1843 8 25	1844 8 9
1843 2 9 1841 5 7 1 9 2	1843 8 25 1841 4 7	1844 8 9 1843 11 11 8 28 \$ 160
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1843 8 25 1841 4 7 2 4 18 \$ 175.08 .143	1844 8 9 1843 11 11 8 28
1843 2 9 1841 5 7 1 9 2 \$ 760.75 .1051 380375	1843 8 25 1841 4 7 2 4 18 \$ 175.08 .143 52524	1844 8 9 1843 11 11 8 28 \$ 160 .0443 640
1843 2 9 1841 5 7 1 9 2 \$ 760.75 .1051 380375 76075	1843 8 25 1841 4 7 2 4 18 \$ 175.08 .143 52524 70032	1844 8 9 1843 11 11 8 28 \$ 160 .0443 640 640
1843 2 9 1841 5 7 1 9 2 \$ 760.75 .1051 380375	1843 8 25 1841 4 7 2 4 18 \$ 175.08 .143 52524	1844 8 9 1843 11 11 8 28 \$ 160 .0443 640
1843 2 9 1841 5 7 1 9 2 \$ 760.75 .1051 380375 76075 25358 6)80.13233	\$ 175.08 .143 \$ 175.08 .143 .52524 .70032 17508 6) 25.03644	1844 8 9 1843 11 11 8 28 \$ 160 .0443 640 640 106 6) 7.146
1843 2 9 1841 5 7 1 9 2 \$ 760.75	\$ 175.08 .143 \$ 175.08 .143 \$ 2524 70032 17508 6) 25.03644 4.17274	\$ 160 .044\$ 640 640 106 6)7.146 1.191
1843 2 9 1841 5 7 1 9 2 \$ 760.75 .1051 380375 76075 25358 6)80.13233	\$ 175.08 .143 \$ 175.08 .143 \$ 2524 70032 17508 6) 25.03644 4.17274 29.20918	\$ 160 .044\$ 640 640 106 6)7.146 1.191 8:337
1843 2 9 1841 5 7 1 9 2 \$ 760.75	\$ 175.08 .143 \$ 175.08 .143 \$ 2524 70032 17508 6) 25.03644 4.17274	\$ 160 .044\$ 640 640 106 6)7.146 1.191

	•	•
23.	24.	25.
y. mo. da.	y. mo. da.	y. mo. da. 1844 10 9
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1844 6 17 1842 2 15	
		1843 7 17
2 4 8	2 4 2	1 2 22
8 857.16	\$ 171.18	8 9 7.1 9
1 4 1 1	1 4 0 1	
85716	684720	29157
342864	17118	68033
85716	5706	6479
28572	2) 24.0 2 2 2 6	6) 7.1 5 9 6 6
121.14528	12.01113	1.19327
71	8 3 6.0 3,3 3 9	\$ 8.3 5,2 9 3
84801696		•
3028632		
6) 878.30328	•*	
\$ 1 4 6.3 8,3 8 8		
26.	27.	28.
1843 9 11	y. mo. da. 1845 11 11	y. mo. da. 1843 0 19
1840 11 19	1843 2 19	1841 3 2
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2 8 22	1 9 17
~ 5 22	2 6 22	1 9 11
\$765.75 ·	\$850	\$769.87
.168 3	.1 6 3 3	.1078
612600	$\overline{2550}$	$\overline{538909}$
459450	5100	76987
76575	850	64155
51050	566	6) 8 3.0 1 7 6 4
129.15650	139.116	1383627
765.75	91	96.85391
\$ 894.90,65	1252044	769.87
	69558	8 866.72,391
1	6) 1 3 2 1.6 0 2	•
	220.267	•
•	850	•
•	8 1 0 7 0.2 6,7	

-	~~
- 1	10.2

_	
29.	30.
y. mo. da. 1844 6 4	y. mo. da. 1845 0 1
1842 5 7	1843 1 17
2 0 27	1 10 14
\$1728.28	8 5 6 5.2 5
.1241	.1 1 21
$\frac{691312}{}$	113050
345656	56525
172828	56525
86414	18841
3) 215.17086	3) 6349641
71.72362	21.16547
\$ 286.89,448	84.66188
•	5 6 5.2 5
	8 649.91,188
31.	
Principal on interest from Oct.	23 , 1840 \$ 9 6 0.0 0
Interest from Oct. 23, 1840, to	Sept. 25, 1841,
11 months 2 days	61.97
	Amount 1021.97
First payment, Sept. 25, 1841	140.00
New principal carrying intere	st from Sept.
25, 1841	881.97
Interest from Sept. 25, 1841, to	
9 months 12 days	48.36
	Amount 930.33
Second payment, July 7, 1842	8 0.0 0
New principal carrying interes	est from July
7, 1842	850.33
Interest from July 7, 1842, to	Dec. 9, 1842, 25,13
5 months 2 days	
Third D 0 1849	Amount 875.46
Third payment, Dec. 9, 1842	70.00
New principal carrying intere	
9, 1842 Interest from Dec. 9, 1842, to	Nov. 8 1943
10 months 29 days	110v. 8, 1848, 51.52
•	
is) fanouax	eco de l'hamand de l'america

124 KEY TO THE SUPPLEMENT.	[Sect. 6.
Amount (brought forward)	\$856.98
Fourth payment, Nov. 8, 1843	10000
New principal carrying interest Nov. 8, 1843 Interest from Nov. 8, 1843, to Oct. 23, 1844,	756.98
11 months 15 days	50.78
Balance due Oct. 23, 1844	\$ 807.76
32.	•
Principal on interest from March 1, 1839 \$ Interest from March 1, 1839, to March 1,	1000.00
1840, 12 months	7.0.00
Amount	1070.00
First payment, March 1, 1840	1 0 0.0 0
Principal carrying interest from March 1, 1840	970.00
Interest from March 1, 1840, to Sept. 25,	
1841, 18 months 24 days	106.37
	1076.37
Second payment, Sept. 25, 1841	200.00
Principal carrying interest from Sept. 25, 1841	876.37
Interest from Sept. 25, 1841, to Oct. 9, 1842,	6070
12 months 14 days	63.73
Third payment, Oct. 9, 1842	940.10 150.00
• •	
Principal carrying interest from Oct. 9, 1842 Interest from Oct. 9, 1842, to Oct. 9, 1843,	790.10
12 months	5 5.3 0
Amount	845.40
Fourth payment, July 4, 1843, a sum	040.40
less than the interest \$20.00	
Fifth payment, Oct. 9, 1843, a sum	•
greater than the interest 300.00	
	320.00
Principal carrying interest from Oct. 9, 1843	$\overline{525.40}$
Interest from Oct. 9, 1843, to Dec. 1, 1844,	
13 months 22 days	4 2.0 1
Balance due Dec. 1, 1844	8 5 6 7.4 1











